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THE DACCA UNIVERSITY ACT, 1920.
(XVIII OF 1920.)

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THE SCHEDULE.

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ACT No. XVIII of 1920.

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL].

*(Received the assent of the Governor-General on the
23rd March, 1920.)*

An Act to establish and incorporate a unitary teaching and residential University at Dacca.

WHEREAS it is expedient to establish and incorporate a unitary teaching and residential University at Dacca, it is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title
and com-
mencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Dacca University Act, 1920.

(2) It shall, save as otherwise expressly provided herein, come into force on such date as the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, direct.

Definitions.

2. In this Act, and in all Statutes made hereunder, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "Hall" means a unit of residence for students of the University provided or maintained by the University ;

(b) "Hostel" means a unit of residence for students of the University provided otherwise than by the University, and not maintained by the University but approved and licensed by the University in accordance with the provisions of this Act ;

(c) "Local Government"

- (c) "Local Government" means the Governor of Bengal in Council ;
- (d) "Provost" means the head of a Hall ;
- (e) "Registered graduates" means graduates registered under the provisions of this Act ;
- (f) "Statutes," "Ordinances" and "Regulations" mean, respectively, the Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations of the University for the time being in force ;
- (g) "Teachers" includes Professors, Readers and Lecturers ;
- (h) "University" means the University of Dacca ; and
- (i) "Warden" means the head of a Hostel.

The University.

The
University.

3. (1) The first Chancellor and Vice-Chancellor of the University and the first members of the Court, the Executive Council and the Academic Council and all persons who may hereafter become such officers or members, so long as they continue to hold such office or membership, are hereby constituted a body corporate by the name of the University of Dacca.

(2) The University shall have perpetual succession and a Common Seal, and shall sue and be sued by the said name.

Powers of
the University.

4. The University shall have the following powers, namely :—

(1) to provide for instruction in such branches of learning as the University may think fit, and to make provision for research and for the advancement and dissemination of knowledge,

(2) to hold examinations and to grant and confer degrees and other academic distinctions to and on persons who—

(a) shall have

(a) shall have pursued a course of study in the University, or

(b) are teachers in educational institutions, under conditions laid down in the Ordinances and Regulations, and shall have passed the examinations of the University, under like conditions,

(3) to confer honorary degrees or other distinctions on approved persons in the manner laid down in the Statutes,

(4) to grant such diplomas to and provide such lectures and instruction for persons, not being members of the University, as the University may determine,

(5) to co-operate with other Universities and authorities in such manner and for such purposes as the University may determine,

(6) to institute Professorships, Readerships, Lecturerships and any other teaching posts required by the University, and to appoint persons to such Professorships, Readerships, Lecturerships and posts,

(7) to institute and award Fellowships, Scholarships, Exhibitions and Prizes in accordance with the Statutes and the Regulations,

(8) to institute and maintain Halls for the residence of students of the University, and to approve and license Hostels maintained by other persons for the residence of such students,

(9) to demand and receive such fees as may be prescribed in the Ordinances,

(10) to supervise and control the residence and discipline of students of the University, and to make arrangements for promoting their health, and

(11) to do all such other acts and things, whether incidental to the powers aforesaid or not as may be requisite in order to further the objects of the University as a teaching and examining body, and to cultivate and promote arts, science and other branches of learning.

University
open to all
classes, castes
and creeds.

5 The University shall be open to all persons of either sex and of whatever race, creed or class, and it shall not be lawful for the University to adopt or impose on any person any test whatsoever of religious belief or profession in order to entitle him to be admitted thereto as a teacher or student, or to hold any office therein, or to graduate thereat, or to enjoy or exercise any privilege thereof, except where such test is specially prescribed by the Statutes, or, in respect of any particular benefaction accepted by the University where such test is made a condition thereof, by any testamentary or other instrument creating such benefaction :

Provided that nothing in this section shall be deemed to prevent religious instruction being given in the manner prescribed by the Ordinances to those not unwilling to receive it by persons (whether teachers of the University or not) approved for that purpose by the Executive Council.

Teaching of
the Univer-
sity.

6. (1) All recognised teaching in connection with the University courses shall be conducted by the University, and shall include lecturing, laboratory work and other teaching conducted in the University by the Professors, Readers, Lecturers and other teachers thereof in accordance with any syllabus prescribed by the Regulations.

(2) The authorities responsible for organising such teaching shall be prescribed by the Statutes.

(3) The courses and curricula shall be prescribed by the Ordinances and the Regulations.

(4) Recognised teaching shall be supplemented by tutorial instruction given in the University or, under the control of the University, in Halls and Hostels.

(5) It shall not be lawful for the University to conduct courses or maintain classes for the purpose of preparing students for admission to the University.

The visitor

The Visitor.

7. (1) The Governor-General shall be the Visitor of the University. The visitor.

(2) The Visitor shall have the right to cause an inspection to be made by such person or persons as he may direct of the University, its building, laboratories, equipment, and of any institutions associated with the University, and also of the examinations, teaching and other work conducted or done by the University, and to cause an inquiry to be made in like manner in respect of any matter connected with the University. The Visitor shall in every case give notice to the University of his intention to cause an inspection or inquiry to be made, and the University shall be entitled to be represented thereat.

(3) The Visitor may address the Chancellor with reference to the results of such inspection or inquiry, and the Chancellor shall communicate to the Executive Council the views of the Visitor and shall, after ascertaining, if he so thinks fit, the opinion of the Executive Council thereon, advise the University upon the action to be taken thereon.

(4) The Executive Council shall report to the Chancellor for communication to the Visitor such action, if any, as it is proposed to take or has been taken upon the results of such inspection or inquiry.

(5) Where the Executive Council does not, within a reasonable time, take action to the satisfaction of the Chancellor, the Chancellor may, after considering any explanation furnished or representation made by the Executive Council, issue such directions as he may think fit, and the Executive Council shall comply with such directions.

Officers of the University.

8. The following shall be the officers of the University :—

Officers
of the
University.

(I) The Chancellor,

(II) The Vice-Chancellor.

(III) The .

- (III) The Treasurer,
- (IV) The Provosts,
- (V) The Registrar,
- (VI) The Deans of the Faculties, and
- (VII) Such other officers as may be declared by the Statutes to be officers of the University.

The Chan-
cellor.

9. (1) The Chancellor shall be the Governor of Bengal. He shall by virtue of his office be the head of the University and the President of the Court and shall when present preside at meetings of the Court and at any Convocation of the University.

(2) The Chancellor shall have such powers as may be conferred on him by this Act or the Statutes.

(3) Every proposal for the conferment of an honorary degree shall be subject to the confirmation of the Chancellor.

(4) The Chancellor shall, where committees of selection for Professorships and Readerships are constituted in British India, appoint in the manner prescribed by the Statutes one or more members of every such committee.

The Vice-
Chancellor.

10. (1) The Vice-Chancellor shall be appointed by the Chancellor after consideration of the recommendations of the Executive Council, and shall hold office for such term and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

(2) Where any temporary vacancy in the office of the Vice-Chancellor occurs by reason of leave, illness or other cause, the Executive Council shall forthwith report the same to the Chancellor, who shall make such arrangements for carrying on the office of the Vice-Chancellor as he may think fit.

Powers and
duties of the
Vice-Chan-
cellor.

11. (1) The Vice-Chancellor shall be a whole-time officer of the University. He shall be the principal executive and academic officer of the University, and shall, in the absence of the Chancellor, preside at meetings of the Court and at any

Convocation

Convocation of the University. He shall be an *ex-officio* member and Chairman of the Executive Council and of the Academic Council, and shall be entitled to be present and to speak at any meeting of any authority or other body of the University, but shall not be entitled to vote thereat, unless he is a member of the authority or body concerned.

(2) It shall be the duty of the Vice-Chancellor to see that this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances are faithfully observed, and he shall have all powers necessary for this purpose.

(3) The Vice-Chancellor shall have power to convene meetings of the Conrt, the Executive Council and the Academic Council.

(4) In any emergency which, in the opinion of the Vice-Chancellor, requires that immediate action should be taken, the Vice-Chancellor shall take such action as he deems necessary, and shall within seven days thereafter report his action to the officer, authority or other body who or which in the ordinary course would have dealt with the matter.

(5) The Vice-Chancellor shall give effect to the orders of the Executive Council regarding the appointment, dismissal and suspension of the officers and teachers of the University, and shall exercise general control over the members of the University. He shall be responsible for the discipline of the University in accordance with this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances.

(6) The Vice-Chancellor shall exercise such other powers as may be prescribed by Statutes and the Ordinances.

12. (1) The Treasurer shall be appointed by the Chancellor upon such conditions and for such period, and shall receive such remuneration (if any) from the funds of the University, as the Chancellor shall deem fit.

The Treasurer.

(2) Where any temporary vacancy in the office of the Treasurer occurs by reason of leave, illness or other cause, the Executive Council shall forthwith report the same to the Chancellor, who shall

shall make such arrangements for carrying on the office of the Treasurer as he may think fit.

(3) The Treasurer shall exercise general supervision over the funds of the University, and shall advise in regard to its financial policy.

(4) He shall be an *ex-officio* member of the Executive Council, and shall, subject to the control of the Executive Council, manage the property and investments of the University. He shall be responsible for the presentation of the annual estimates and statement of accounts.

(5) Subject to the powers of the Executive Council, he shall be responsible for seeing that all monies are expended on the purpose for which they are granted or allotted.

(6) All contracts shall be signed by the Treasurer on behalf of the University.

(7) He shall exercise such other powers as may be prescribed by the Statutes and the Ordinances.

The Registrar.

13. The Registrar shall act as Secretary of the Court and the Executive Council. He shall maintain a register of registered graduates in accordance with the Statutes, and shall exercise such other powers as may be prescribed by the Statutes and the Ordinances.

Other officers.

14. The powers of officers of the University other than the Chancellor, the Vice-Chancellor, the Treasurer and the Registrar, shall be prescribed by the Statutes and the Ordinances.

Authorities of the University.

Authorities of the University.

15. The following shall be the authorities of the University :—

- I. The Court,
- II. The Executive Council,
- III. The Academic Council,
- IV. The Faculties and,

V. Such

V. Such other authorities as may be declared by the Statutes to be authorities of the University.

16. (1) The Court shall consist of the following persons, namely :— The Court.

Class I.—Ex-officio members.

- (i) The Chancellor,
- (ii) The Vice-Chancellor,
- (iii) The Treasurer,
- (iv) The Registrar,
- (v) The Provosts and Wardens,
- (vi) The Professors and Readers, and
- (vii) such other *ex-officio* members as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

Class II. — Other members.

- (viii) Graduates of the University elected by the registered graduates from among their own body,
- (ix) five Lecturers elected by the teachers of the University,
- (x) persons appointed by the Chancellor,
- (xi) persons appointed by the Chief-Commissioner of Assam, whose number shall be determined by the Chancellor,
- (xii) ten persons appointed by associations or other bodies approved in this behalf by the Chancellor, and
- (xiii) persons (if any) appointed by the Chancellor to be life-members on the ground that they have rendered great services to education or have made substantial donations to the University.

(2) The number of members to be elected or appointed under clauses (vii) and (x) and the tenure of office of members to be elected or appointed under clauses (viii), (x), (xi) and (xii) of sub section

sub-section (1) shall be prescribed by the Statutes, and the manner of voting for the election of members to be elected under clauses (viii) and (ix) of sub-section (1) shall be prescribed by the Ordinances.

Meetings of
the Court.

17. (1) The Court shall, on a date to be fixed by the Vice-Chancellor, meet once a year at a meeting to be called the annual meeting of the Court.

(2) The Vice-Chancellor may, whenever he thinks fit, and shall, upon a requisition in writing signed by not less than thirty members of the Court, convene a special meeting of the Court.

Powers and
duties of the
Court.

18. Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Court shall exercise the following powers and perform the following duties namely :—

(a) of making Statutes, and of amending or repealing the same,

(b) of considering and cancelling Ordinances, and

(c) of considering and passing resolutions on the annual report, the annual accounts and the financial estimates,

and shall exercise such other powers and perform such other duties as may be conferred or imposed upon it by this Act or the Statutes.

The Execu-
tive Council.

19. The Executive Council shall be the executive body of the University, and its constitution and the terms of office of its members, other than *ex-officio* members, shall be prescribed by the Statutes.

Powers and
duties of the
Executive
Council.

20. The Executive Council—

(a) shall hold, control and administer the property and funds of the University, and for these purposes shall appoint from among its own members a Finance Committee to advise it on matters of finance. The Treasurer shall be Chairman of the Finance Committee, and at least

least one member of the Committee shall be a member elected to the Executive Council by the Court ;

- (b) shall direct the form, custody and use of the Common Seal of the University ;
- (c) shall, subject to the powers conferred by this Act on the Vice-Chancellor, regulate and determine all matters concerning the University in accordance with this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances :

Provided that no action shall be taken by the Executive Council in respect of the fees paid to examiners and the emoluments of teachers otherwise than on the recommendation of the Academic Council ;

- (d) shall lay before the Local Government annually a full statement of all the requests received by it for financial assistance from any institution associated with the University, together with its views thereon ;
- (e) shall administer any funds placed at the disposal of the University for specific purposes ;
- (f) save as otherwise provided by this Act or the Statutes, shall appoint the officers (other than the Chancellor, the Vice-Chancellor and the Treasurer), teachers, clerical staff and servants of the University, and shall define their duties and the conditions of their service, and shall provide for the filling of temporary vacancies in their posts ;
- (g) shall have power to accept transfers of any moveable or immoveable property on behalf of the University ;
- (h) shall publish the results of the University examinations ;
- (i) shall

- (i) shall exercise such other powers and perform such other duties as may be conferred or imposed on it by this Act or the Statutes ; and
- (j) shall exercise all other powers of the University not otherwise provided for by this Act or the Statutes.

The Academic Council.

21. The Academic Council shall be the academic body of the University, and shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances, have the control and general regulation, and be responsible for the maintenance of standards of instruction, education and examination within the University, and shall exercise such other powers and perform such other duties as may be conferred or imposed upon it by the Statutes. It shall have the right to advise the Executive Council on all academic matters. The constitution of the Academic Council and the term of office of its members, other than *ex-officio* members, shall be prescribed by the Statutes.

The Faculties.

22. (1) The University shall include the Faculties of Arts, Science, Law, Medicine and Agriculture, and such other Faculties (whether formed by the sub-division or combination of an existing Faculty or Faculties, or by the creation of a new Faculty or otherwise) as may be prescribed by the Statutes. Each Faculty shall, subject to the control of the Academic Council, have charge of the teaching and the courses of study and the research work in such subjects as may be assigned to such Faculty by the Ordinances.

(2) The constitution and powers of the Faculties shall be prescribed by the Statutes.

(3) There shall be a Dean of each Faculty, who shall be elected in the manner laid down in subsection (6) ; and shall be responsible for the due observance of the Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations relating to the Faculty. "

(4) Each Faculty shall comprise such Departments of teaching as may be prescribed by the

Ordinances

Ordinances. The head of every such Department shall be the Professor of the Department or, if there is no Professor, the Reader. If there is more than one Professor or more than one Reader of a Department as the case may be, the Vice-Chancellor shall appoint such Professor or Reader to be head of the Department as he thinks fit. The head of the Department shall be responsible to the Dean for the organisation of the teaching in that Department.

(5) The Ordinances shall provide for Departments of Oriental Studies (including Departments of Islamic and Sanskrit studies) in the Faculty of Arts, in which the same degrees shall be conferred as in the other Departments of that Faculty.

(6) The Dean of a Faculty shall be elected by the Faculty from among the heads of Departments of the Faculty. The Dean shall receive in respect of his duties as Dean such additional remuneration (if any) as shall be fixed by the Executive Council, and shall hold office as Dean for such term as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

23. The constitution, powers and duties of such other authorities as may be declared by the Statutes to be authorities of the University shall be provided for in the manner prescribed by the Statutes.

Other authorities of the University.

University Boards.

24. The University shall include a Residence, Health and Discipline Board and such other Boards as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

University Boards.

25. The constitution, powers and duties of the Residence, Health and Discipline Board and of all other Boards of the University shall be prescribed by the Ordinances.

Constitution, etc. of Boards to be prescribed by Ordinances.

Statutes

Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations.

Statutes.

26. Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Statutes may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely :—

- (a) the conferment of honorary degrees ;
- (b) the institution of Fellowships, Scholarships, Exhibitions and Prizes ;
- (c) the term of office and conditions of service of the Vice-Chancellor ;
- (d) the designations and powers of the officers of the University ;
- (e) the constitution, powers and duties of the Court, the Executive Council, the Academic Council and the Faculties ;
- (f) the institution and maintenance of Halls and the management of Hostels ;
- (g) the mode of appointment of the Professors and Readers of the University ;
- (h) the constitution of a pension or provident fund for the benefit of the officers, teachers, clerical staff and servants of the University ;
- (i) the maintenance of a Register of registered graduates ; and
- (j) all matters which by this Act are to be or may be prescribed by the Statutes.

Statutes how made.

27. (1) The first Statutes shall be those set out in the Schedule.

(2) The Statutes may be amended, repealed or added to by Statutes made by the Court in the manner hereinafter appearing.

(3) The Executive Council may propose to the Court the draft of any Statute, to be passed by the Court. Such draft shall be considered by the Court at its next meeting. The Court may approve such draft and pass the Statute, or may reject it or return it to the Executive Council for re-consideration, either in whole or in part, together with any amendments which the Court may suggest.

(4) Where

(4) Where any Statute has been passed or a draft of a Statute has been rejected by the Court, it shall be submitted to the Chancellor, who may refer the Statute or draft back to the Court for further consideration or, in the case of a Statute passed by the Court, assent thereto or withhold his assent. A Statute passed by the Court shall have no validity until it has been assented to by the Chancellor.

(5) The Executive Council shall not propose the draft of any Statute affecting the status, powers or constitution of any authority of the University until such authority has been given an opportunity of expressing an opinion upon the proposal. Any opinion so expressed shall be in writing and shall be considered by the Court, and shall be submitted to the Chancellor.

(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, no Statute shall be made affecting the proportion or method of Muhammadan representation on the Court, the Executive Council or the Academic Council, save with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council.

28 Subject to the provisions of this Act and Ordinances, the Statutes, the Ordinances may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely :—

- (a) the courses of study to be laid down for all degrees and diplomas of the University ;
- (b) the conditions under which students shall be admitted to the degree or diploma courses and to the examinations of the University, and shall be eligible for degrees and diplomas ;
- (c) the admission of students to the University ;
- (d) the conditions of residence of the students of the University, the levying of fees for residence in Halls, and the licensing of Hostels ;
- (e) the fees to be charged for courses of study in the University and for admission to the

to the examinations, degrees, and diplomas of the University ;

(f) the giving of religious instruction ;

(g) the formation of Departments of teaching in the Faculties ;

(h) the constitution, powers and duties of the Boards of the University ;

(i) the conduct of examinations ; and

(j) all matters which by this Act or the Statutes are to be or may be provided for by the Ordinances.

Ordinances
how made.

29. (1) Save as otherwise provided in this section, Ordinances shall be made by the Executive Council ;

Provided that no Ordinance shall be made—

(a) affecting the admission of students, or prescribing examinations to be recognised as equivalent to the University examinations or the further qualifications mentioned in sub-section (2) of section 34 for admission to the degree courses of the University, unless a draft of the same has been proposed by the Academic Council, or

(b) affecting the conduct or standard of examinations or any course of study, except in accordance with a proposal of the Faculty or Faculties concerned and unless a draft of such Ordinance has been proposed by the Academic Council, or

(c) affecting the conditions of residence of students, except after consultation with the Residence, Health and Discipline Board.

(2) The Executive Council shall not have power to amend any draft proposed by the
Academic

Academic Council under sub-section (1), but may reject it or return it to the Academic Council for re-consideration, either in whole or in part, together with any amendments which the Executive Council may suggest.

§ (3) All Ordinances made by the Executive Council shall be submitted, as soon as may be, to the Chancellor and the Court, and shall be considered by the Court at its next meeting. The Court shall have power, by a resolution passed by a majority of not less than two-thirds of the members voting to cancel any Ordinance made by the Executive Council, and such Ordinance shall, from the date of such resolution, be void.

(4) The Chancellor may, at any time after any Ordinance has been considered by the Court, signify to the Executive Council his disallowance of such Ordinance, and, from the date of receipt by the Executive Council of intimation of such disallowance, such Ordinance shall become void.

(5) The Chancellor may direct that the operation of any Ordinance shall be suspended until he has had an opportunity of exercising his power of disallowance. An order of suspension under this sub-section shall cease to have effect on the expiration of one month from the date of such order, or on the expiration of fifteen days from the date of consideration of the Ordinance by the Court, whichever period expires later.

(6) Where the Executive Council has rejected the draft of an Ordinance proposed by the Academic Council, the Academic Council may appeal to the Chancellor, who may, if he approves the draft, make the Ordinance. An Ordinance made under this sub-section shall cease to have effect on the expiry of six months from the making thereof.

30. (1) The authorities and the Boards of the University may make Regulations consistent with this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances—

Regulations.

(a) laying down the procedure to be observed at their meetings and the number

number of members required to form a quorum ;

(b) providing for all matters which by this Act, the Statutes or the Ordinances are to be prescribed by Regulations ; and

(c) providing for all other matters solely concerning such authorities and Boards and not provided for by this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances.

(2) Every authority of the University shall make Regulations providing for the giving of notice to the members of such authority of the dates of meetings and of the business to be considered at meetings, and for the keeping of a record of the proceedings of meetings.

(3) The Executive Council may direct the amendment, in such manner as it may specify, of any Regulation made under this section or the annulment of any Regulation made under subsection (1) :

Provided that any authority or Board of the University which is dissatisfied with any such direction may appeal to the Chancellor, whose decision in the matter shall be final.

Residence, Halls and Hostels.

Residence. **31.** Every student of the University shall reside in a Hall or Hostel, or under such conditions as may be prescribed by the Statutes and the ordinances.

Halls **32.** The Halls of the University shall be—
 (a) the Dacca Hall,
 (b) the Muhammadan Hall,
 (c) the Jagannath Hall, and
 (d) such other Halls as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

Hostels. **33.** (1) The Hostels shall be such as may hereafter be approved and licensed by the Executive

Executive Council on such general or special conditions as may be prescribed by the Ordinances.

(2) The Wardens and superintending staff of Hostels shall be appointed in the manner prescribed by the Statutes.

(3) The conditions of residence in Hostels shall be prescribed by the Ordinances, and every Hostel shall be subject to inspection by any member of the Residence, Health and Discipline Board authorised in this behalf by the Board and by any officer of the University authorised in this behalf by the Executive Council.

(4) The Executive Council shall have power to suspend or withdraw the license of any Hostel which is not conducted in accordance with the conditions prescribed by the Ordinances.

Admission and Examinations.

34. (1) Admission of students to the University shall be made by an admission committee (including at least one Provost and one Warden) appointed for that purpose by the Academic Council.

Admission
to University
courses.

(2) Students shall not be eligible for admission to a course of study for a degree unless they have passed the Intermediate Examination of an Indian University incorporated by any law for the time being in force, or an examination recognised in accordance with the provisions of this section as equivalent thereto, and possess such further qualifications as may be prescribed by the Ordinances.

(3) The conditions under which students may be admitted to the diploma courses of the University shall be prescribed by the Ordinances.

(4) The University shall not, save with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, recognise for the purposes of admission to a course of study for a degree, as equivalent to its own degrees, any degree conferred by any other

University

University, or, as equivalent to the Intermediate Examination of an Indian University, any examination conducted by any other authority.

Examina-
tions.

35. (1) All arrangements for the conduct of examinations shall be made, and all examiners shall be appointed by the Academic Council in such manner as may be prescribed by this Act and the Ordinances.

(2) If during the course of an examination any examiner is for any cause incapable of acting as such, the Vice-Chancellor shall appoint an examiner to fill the vacancy.

(3) At least one examiner who is not a member of the University shall be appointed for each subject included in a Department of teaching and forming part of the course which is required for a University degree.

(4) The Academic Council shall appoint examination committees, consisting of members of its own body or of other persons or of both, as it thinks fit, to moderate examination questions, to prepare the results of the examinations and to report such results to the Executive Council for publication.

Annual Report and Accounts.

Annual
report.

36. The annual report of the University shall be prepared under the direction of the Executive Council, and shall be submitted to the Court on or before such date as may be prescribed by the Statutes, and shall be considered by the Court at its annual meeting. The Court may pass resolutions thereon and communicate the same to the Executive Council which shall take such action thereon as it thinks fit.

Annual
accounts.

37. (1) The annual accounts and balance-sheet of the University shall be prepared under the direction of the Executive Council, and shall be submitted to the Local Government for the purposes of audit.

(2) The

(2) The accounts when audited shall be published by the Executive Council in the Calcutta Gazette, and copies thereof shall, together with copies of the audit report, if any, be submitted to the Court, to the Local Government and to the Governor-General in Council. The Executive Council shall also submit to the Court, on or before such date as may be prescribed by the Statutes, a statement of the financial estimates for the ensuing year.

(3) The annual accounts and the financial estimates shall be considered by the Court at its annual meeting, and the Court may pass resolutions thereon and communicate the same to the Executive Council which shall take such action thereon as it thinks fit.

Supplementary Provisions.

38. The Chancellor shall, with the concurrence of not less than two-thirds of the members of the Executive Council for the time being in India, have power to remove the name of any person from the register of registered graduates.

Removal of names of registered graduates.

39. If any question arises whether any person has been duly elected or appointed as, or is entitled to be, a member of any authority or other body of the University, the matter shall be referred to the Chancellor, whose decision thereon shall be final.

Disputes as to constitution of University authorities and bodies.

40. 1) An appeal may be made by petition to the Chancellor, against the order of any officer or authority of the University affecting any class of persons in the University. The Chancellor shall send a copy of any such petition to the officer or authority concerned, and shall give such officer or authority an opportunity to show cause why the appeal should not be entertained.

Appeals to Chancellor.

(2) The Chancellor may reject any such appeal or may, if he thinks fit, appoint a commission of persons, not being officers of the University or members of any authority thereof, to inquire

inquire into the matter and report to him thereon. On receipt of the commission's report, the Chancellor shall send a copy thereof to the Executive Council. The Executive Council shall take such report into consideration and shall, within three months of the receipt thereof, pass a resolution thereon which shall be communicated to the Chancellor.

(3) A commission appointed under sub-section (2) may require any officer or authority of the University to furnish it with any papers or information which are, in the opinion of the commission, relevant to the matter under inquiry, and such officer or authority shall be bound to comply with such requisition.

Constitution
of com-
mittees.

41. Where any authority of the University is given power by this Act or the Statutes to appoint committees, such committees shall, unless otherwise provided, consist of members of the authority concerned and of such other persons (if any) as the authority in each case may think fit.

Filling of ca-
sual vacan-
cies.

42. All casual vacancies among the members (other than *ex-officio* members) of any authority or other body of the University shall be filled as soon as conveniently may be by the person or body who appointed, elected or co-opted the member whose place has become vacant, and the person appointed, elected or co-opted to a casual vacancy shall be a member of such authority or body for the residue of the term for which the person whose place he fills would have been a member.

Proceedings
of University
authorities
and bodies
not invali-
dated by
vacancies.

43. No act or proceeding of any authority or other body of the University shall be invalidated merely by reason of the existence of a vacancy or vacancies among its members.

Conditions of
service.

44. (1) Every salaried officer and teacher of the University shall be appointed on a written contract. The contract shall be lodged with the Registrar of the University, and a copy thereof shall be furnished to the officer or teacher concerned.

(2) Any

(2) Any member of the public services in India whom it is proposed to appoint to a post in the University shall, subject to the approval of such appointment by the Government, have the option—

(i) of having his services lent to the University for a specified period and remaining liable to recall to Government service at the discretion of the Government at the end of that period ;
or

(ii) of resigning Government service on entering the service of the University.

45. Any dispute arising out of a contract between the University and any officer or teacher of the University shall, on the request of the officer or teacher concerned, be referred to a Tribunal of Arbitration consisting of one member appointed by the Executive Council, one member nominated by the officer or teacher concerned, and an umpire appointed by the Chancellor. The decision of the Tribunal shall be final, and no suit shall lie in any Civil Court in respect of the matters decided by the Tribunal. Every such arbitration shall be subject to the provisions of the Indian Arbitration Act, 1899, so far as the same may be applicable thereto.

Tribunal of Arbitration.

IX of 1899.

46. (1) The University shall constitute for the benefit of its officers, teachers, clerical staff and servants a pension or provident fund in such manner and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

Pension or provident fund.

(2) Where such a pension or provident fund has been so constituted, the Governor-General in Council may, notwithstanding anything contained in the Provident Funds Act, 1897, by notification in the Gazette of India, declare that the provisions of the said Act shall apply to such fund as if it were a Government Provident Fund.

IX of 1897.

47. Save as otherwise provided in this Act, the powers of the University conferred by or under

Territorial exercise of powers.

this Act shall not extend beyond a radius of five miles from the Convocation Hall of the University. Notwithstanding anything in any other law for the time being in force, no educational institution beyond that limit shall be associated with or admitted to any privileges of the University, and no educational institution within that limit shall be associated in any way with or be admitted to any privileges of any other University incorporated by law in British India, and any such privileges granted by any such other University to any educational institution within that limit prior to the commencement of this Act shall be deemed to be withdrawn on the commencement of this Act :

Provided that nothing in this section shall apply to any agricultural or other technical institution established or maintained in connection with the University with the sanction of the Governor-General in Council :

Provided, further, that it shall be lawful for any Faculty, other than the Faculties of Arts and Science, to assemble at Calcutta whenever, in the opinion of the Vice-Chancellor, such a course is necessary.

Transitory Provisions.

Completion
of courses for
students at
Dacca
Colleges.

48. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or the Ordinances, any student of the Dacca College, the Dacca Law College, the Dacca Training College, or the Jagannath College at Dacca who immediately prior to the commencement of this Act, was studying for any examination of the Calcutta University higher than the Intermediate Examination shall be permitted to complete his course in preparation therefor, and the University shall provide for such students instruction and examinations in accordance with the Prospectus of Studies of the Calcutta University.

Appoint-
ment of first
Vice Chan-
cellor.

49. The first Vice-Chancellor may be appointed at any time after the passing of this Act. Such appointment shall, notwithstanding anything contained

contained in sub-section (1) of section 10, be made by the Governor-General in Council for such term and on such conditions as he thinks fit.

50. (1) At any time after the passing of this Act and until such time as the authorities of the University shall have been duly constituted—

First appoint-
ments of Uni-
versity staff.

(a) the Treasurer may be appointed by the Governor of Bengal ;

(b) any other officers of the University may be appointed by the Vice-Chancellor with the previous sanction of the Governor of Bengal ;

(c) teachers of the University shall be appointed by the Governor of Bengal after considering the recommendations of an Advisory Committee consisting of the Vice-Chancellor, the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, and such other person or persons, if any, as the Governor of Bengal thinks fit to associate with them.

(2) Any appointment made under sub-section (1) shall be for such period and on such conditions as the appointing authority thinks fit :

Provided that no such appointment shall be made until financial provision has been made therefor by the Local Government or otherwise.

51. At any time after the passing of this Act, the Vice-Chancellor may, with the previous approval of the Chancellor and subject to the provision of funds by the Local Government or otherwise, take such action, consistent so far as may be with the provisions of this Act and the Statutes, as he may think necessary for the purpose of bringing the University into being, and for that purpose may exercise any power which by this Act or the Statutes is to be conferred on any officer or authority of the University.

Extraordi-
nary powers
of the Vice-
Chancellor.

THE SCHEDULE

THE SCHEDULE.

THE FIRST STATUTES OF THE UNIVERSITY.

[Sec section 27 (1).]

Definitions.

1. In these Statutes, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (a) “the Act” means the Dacca University Act, 1920, and “section” means a section of the Act ; and
- (b) “officers,” “authorities,” “Professors,” “Readers,” “Lecturers,” “teachers,” “clerical staff,” “servants” and “registered graduates” mean, respectively, officers, authorities, Professors, Readers, Lecturers, teachers, clerical staff, servants and registered graduates of the University.

Constitution of the Court.

2. (1) In addition to the officers mentioned in sub section (1) of section 16, the following persons shall be *ex-officio* members of the Court, namely :—

- (i) the members of the Executive Council of the Governor of Bengal ;
- (ii) the Vice-Chancellor of the University of Calcutta ;
- (iii) the Commissioner, the Collector and the District and Sessions Judge of Dacca ;
- (iv) the Director of Public Instruction in Bengal or the Secretary (if any) to the Local Government in the Department of Education, and the Director of Public Instruction in Assam ;
- (v) the Director of Agriculture for Bengal ;
- (vi) the Director of Industries for Bengal ;
- (vii) the Civil Surgeon of Dacca ;
- (viii) the Superintending Engineer, Eastern Circle, Bengal ;
- (ix) the Assistant Director of Public Instruction for Muhammadan education in Bengal ;

(x) the

- (x) the Chairman of the Dacca Municipality and of the Dacca District Board ;
- (xi) the Inspector of Schools of the Dacca Division ;
- (xii) the Inspectress of Girls' Schools for the Dacca Circle ;
- (xiii) the Proctor of the University ;
- (xiv) the Librarian of the University ; and
- (xv) the Principals of the Dacca Medical School, the Dacca Madrassah, the Calcutta Madrassah, the Chittagong Madrassah, the Sylhet Madrassah, and the Eden High School, the President of the Saraswat Samaj and the Principals of all educational institutions in the Dacca Division which prepare students for admission to the degree courses of a University.

*

(2) The number of graduates to be elected as members of the Court by the registered graduates from among their own body shall be thirty, of whom fifteen shall be Muhammadan graduates elected by the Muhammadan registered graduates, and fifteen shall be non-Muhammadan graduates elected by the non-Muhammadan registered graduates.

(3) The number of persons to be appointed by the Chancellor under clause (x) of sub-section (1) of section 16 shall be forty :

Provided that the Chancellor shall, in making such appointments secure that, as far as possible, fifty per cent. of the non-European members of the Court shall be Muhammadans.

(4) Save as otherwise provided, members of the Court other than *ex-officio* members shall hold office for a period of three years :

Provided that members elected by the Academic Council shall hold office so long only within the said period as they continue to be teachers.

3. (1) The

Constitution
of the Execu-
tive Council.

3. (1) The members of the Executive Council, in addition to the Vice-Chancellor and the Treasurer, shall be—

Class I.—Ex-officio members.

- (i) The Commissioner of the Dacca Division ;
- (ii) the Deans of the Faculties ;
- (iii) the Provosts of the Dacca, the Muham-
madan and the Jagannath Halls.

Class II.—Other members.

- (iv) Two non-Muhammadan members of the Court elected by the non-Muhammadan members thereof at its annual meeting ;
 - (v) two Muhammadan members of the Court elected by the Muhammadan members thereof at its annual meeting ; and
 - (vi) four persons, of whom at least two shall be teachers, appointed by the Chancellor : Provided that, so long as one-half of the non-European members of the Executive Council, as constituted under this sub-clause but excluding the Vice-Chancellor and the Treasurer, are not Muhammadans, any person so appointed shall be a Muhammadan.
- (2) The Executive Council as constituted under sub-clause (1) shall co-opt as member one Warden.
- (3) Members other than *ex-officio* members shall hold office for a period of three years :

Provided that members elected by any body of persons from among their own number shall hold office so long only within the said period as they continue to be members of the body which elected them.

4, Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Executive Council shall have the following powers, namely :—

Powers of
the Execu-
tive Council.

- (a) to institute, at its discretion, such Professorships, Readerships, Lectureships, or other teaching posts as may be proposed by the Academic Council ;
- (b) to abolish or suspend, after report from the Academic Council thereon, any Professorship, Readership, Lectureship, or other teaching post ;
- (c) to appoint, in accordance with the Statutes, teachers, officers, clerical staff and servants ;
- (d) to delegate, subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by Regulations made by the Executive Council, its power to appoint teachers, officers, clerical staff and servants to such person or authority as the Executive Council may determine ;
- (e) to manage and regulate the finances, accounts, investments, property and all administrative affairs whatsoever of the University, and for that purpose, to appoint such agents as it may think fit ;
- (f) to accept bequests, donations and transfers of property to the University :
Provided that all such bequests, donations and transfers shall be reported to the Court at its next meeting ;
- (g) to provide the buildings, premises, furniture, apparatus, equipment and other means needed for carrying on the work of the University ;
- (h) after report from the Finance Committee to enter into, vary, carry out and cancel contracts on behalf of the University ; and
- (i) to invest any monies belonging to the University, including any unapplied income,

II of 1882.

income, in any of the securities described in section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882, or in the purchase of immoveable property in India, with the like power of varying such investments; or to place on fixed deposit in any bank approved in this behalf by the Local Government any portion of such monies not required for immediate expenditure.

The Academic Council. **5** (1) The members of the Academic Council, in addition to the Vice-Chancellor, shall be—

Class I.—Ex-officio members.

- (i) The Deans of the Faculties ;
- (ii) the Librarian of the University ;
- (iii) the Professors ; and
- (iv) the Provosts.

Class II.—Other members.

- (c) One Warden nominated by the Vice-Chancellor ; and
- (vi) persons, if any, not exceeding three in number and not being teachers, appointed by the Chancellor on account of their possessing expert knowledge in such subjects of study as may be selected by the Academic Council as constituted under heads (i) to (c).

(2) The Academic Council as constituted under sub-clause (1) shall co-opt as members three Readers and two Lecturers.

(3) The Academic Council as constituted under sub-clauses (1) and (2) shall co-opt as members teachers not exceeding one-tenth of its number as so constituted :

Provided that so long as one-fourth of the total members, including teachers co-opted under this sub-clause, are not Muhammadans, any teacher so co-opted shall be a Muhammadau.

(4) Members

(4) Members other than *ex-officio* members shall hold office for a period of three years :

Provided that Readers, Lecturers or teachers co-opted as such shall hold office so long only within the said period as they continue to be Readers, Lecturers or teachers, respectively.

6. The Academic Council shall have the following powers, namely :—

Powers of
the Academic
Council

- (a) to make proposals to the Executive Council for the institution of Professorships, Readerships, Lectureships or other teaching posts, and in regard to the duties and emoluments thereof ;
- (b) to make Regulations for and to award in accordance with such Regulations Fellowships, Scholarships, Exhibitions, bursaries, medals and other rewards ;
- (c) to appoint examiners after report from the Faculties concerned ;
- (d) to control and manage the University Library or Libraries, to frame regulations regarding their use, and to appoint a Library Committee under the general control of the Academic Council to manage the affairs of the Library ;
- (e) to formulate, modify or revise, subject to the control of the Executive Council, schemes for the constitution or reconstitution of Faculties and for the assignment of subjects to such Faculties ;
- (f) to assign teachers to the Faculties, and
- (g) to promote research within the University, and to require reports on such research from the persons employed thereon.

7. (1) Each Faculty shall consist of—

The faculties

- (i) the Professors of the Departments comprised in the Faculty ;
- (ii) such teachers of subjects assigned to the Faculty as may be appointed to the Faculty by the Academic Council ;

(iii) such

(iii) such teachers of subjects not assigned to the Faculty but having, in the opinion of the Academic Council, an important bearing on those subjects as may be appointed to the Faculty by the Academic Council ; and

(iv) such other persons as may be appointed to the Faculty by the Academic Council on account of their possessing expert knowledge in a subject or subjects assigned to the Faculty.

(2) The total number of members of each Faculty shall not exceed in the case of the Faculties of Arts and Science thirty, and in the case of any other Faculty fifteen, except with the sanction of the Chancellor given on the request of the Academic Council.

Powers of
the Facul-
ties.

8. Subject to the provisions of the Act, each Faculty shall have the following powers, namely : -

(a) to constitute Committees of Courses and Studies :

(b) to recommend to the Academic Council, after consulting the Committees of Courses and Studies, the names of examiners in subjects assigned to the Faculty.

Board of Co-
ordination.

9. There shall be a Board of Co-ordination composed of the Vice-Chancellor, who shall be Chairman thereof, the Deans of the Faculties and the Registrar, to organise the teaching of the University, and in particular to co-ordinate the work and time tables of the various Faculties, and to assign lecture-rooms, laboratories, and other rooms to the Faculties.

The Dean.

10. (1) The Dean of each Faculty shall be the executive officer of the Faculty, and shall preside at its meetings. He shall hold office for three years.

(2) He shall issue the lecture lists of the University in the Departments comprised in the Faculty, and shall be responsible for the conduct of teaching therein.

(3) He shall

(3) He shall have the right to be present and to speak at any meeting of any committee of the Faculty, but not to vote unless he is a member of the committee.

11. (1) The appointment of the Warden and the superintending staff of a Hostel shall be subject to the approval of the Executive Council. Hostels.

(2) Every student not residing in a Hall or Hostel shall be attached to a Hall or Hostel for tutorial help and disciplinary supervision, and for such other purposes as may be prescribed by the Ordinances.

12. The Court may, on the recommendation of the Executive Council, by a resolution passed with the concurrence of not less than two-thirds of the members voting, withdraw any degree or diploma conferred by the University. Withdrawal of degrees and diplomas.

13. (1) All proposals for the conferment of honorary degrees shall be made by the Academic Council to the Executive Council, and shall require the assent of the Court before submission to the Chancellor for confirmation : Honorary degrees.

Provided that in cases of urgency the Chancellor may act on the recommendation of the Executive Council only.

(2) Any honorary degree conferred by the University may, with the previous approval of the Court and the sanction of the Chancellor, be withdrawn by the Executive Council.

14. The following persons shall, on payment of such fees as may be prescribed by the Statutes, be entitled to have their names enrolled in the register of registered graduates and to enjoy all the privileges of registration, namely :— Registered graduates.

- (a) for a period of five years from the commencement of the Act all graduates of three years' standing or upwards of any other Indian University incorporated by any law for the time being in force,

who are not for the time being registered as graduates in any such other University, and who—

- (i) have studied at the Dacca College, the Jagannath College at Dacca or the Dacca Law College for at least two years, or at the Dacca Training College for at least one year, and ordinarily reside in the Dacca or Chittagong Divisions of the Bengal Presidency; or
- (ii) have graduated at any time from any of the said Colleges,

and apply to the University to be granted *ad eundem* degrees of the University; and

- (b) for a period of seven years from the commencement of the Act all Muhammadan graduates of three years' standing or upwards of any Indian University incorporated by any law for the time being in force, who are not for the time being registered as graduates of any such other University, and who ordinarily reside in the Dacca or Chittagong Divisions of the Bengal Presidency; and

- (c) all graduates of the University of three years' standing and upwards.

Officers.

15. There shall be the following officers, namely :—

- (i) a Proctor for the maintenance of the general discipline of the University, to whom the Vice-Chancellor may delegate such of his disciplinary powers as he may think fit; and
- (ii) a Librarian for the University Library.

Committees
of selection
in India.

16. (1) Subject to the provisions of clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 50 and of clause 17, appointments to Professorships and Readerships shall

shall be made on the nomination of committees of selection constituted for the purposes as follows, namely :—

- (i) the Vice-Chancellor;
- (ii) one member of the Executive Council selected by the Executive Council,
- iii, two members of the Academic Council selected by the Academic Council on the ground of their special knowledge of, or interest in, the subject or subjects with which the Professor or Reader, as the case may be, will be concerned;
- (iv) an officer of the Local Government appointed by the Local Government, and
- (v) three persons (two of whom shall not be officers or teachers) appointed by the Chancellor :

Provided that, should a committee so constituted not include both a Hindu and a Muhammadan member, the Chancellor shall nominate an additional Hindu or Muhammadan member, or both, as the case may be.

(2) Committees of selection appointed under sub-clause (1) shall report to the Executive Council which shall, if it accepts the nomination of the committee, make the appointment to the post accordingly. If the Executive Council does not accept the nomination of the committee, it shall refer the case to the Chancellor, who shall make such appointments as he thinks fit.

17. (1) Of the Professorships not less than one-third shall be filled in one or other of the following manners, namely :—

- (a) on the nomination of committees of selection constituted for the purpose in the United Kingdom ; or
- (b) if, in the opinion of the Chancellor, exceptional circumstances justify such a course, by appointment by the Secretary of State for India.

Committees
of selection
in the Unit
ed Kingdom

(2) The

(2) The committees of selection referred to in sub-clause (1) (a) shall be constituted as follows, namely :—

(i) two members resident in the United Kingdom appointed by the Academic Council,

(ii) two members resident in the United Kingdom appointed by the Secretary of State for India, one of whom shall be an Indian Member of the Council of India as constituted under the Government of India Act ; and

(iii) one member appointed by the Chancellor.

(3) The Executive Council shall consider the report of a committee of selection constituted under sub-clause (2), and shall, if it accepts the nomination of the committee make the appointment to the post accordingly. If the Executive Council does not accept the nomination of the committee, it shall refer the case to the Chancellor who may either appoint the person nominated by the committee, or refer the case to the Secretary of State for India, and, in such case, the Secretary of State for India shall make such appointment as he thinks fit.

(4) Nothing in this clause shall apply to appointments made by the Chancellor under clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 50.

18. Appointments to teaching posts other than Professorships and Readerships shall, subject to the provisions of the Act and the Statutes, be made in the manner prescribed by the Ordinances.

Appoint-
ment of Lec-
turers and
other tea-
chers.

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of Bachelor or Diploma of Licentiate of Teaching.

CHAPTER 1.

THE COURT

Regulation.

1. The Annual Meeting of the Court shall ordinarily be held in the third week of January in each year.

2. A second meeting of the Court shall be held at a date between July 1st and September 30th to be fixed by the Vice-Chancellor.

3. At the annual meeting of the Court the Treasurer shall present the budget for the ensuing financial year, and representatives of the Court shall be elected to such Councils, Committees and Boards as include representatives of the Court.

4. If both the Chancellor and the Vice-Chancellor are absent from any meeting the members present shall elect a Chairman for the meeting.

5. The Vice-Chancellor may, whenever he thinks fit, and shall upon a requisition in writing signed by not less than thirty members of the Court, convene a special meeting of the Court.

Act XVIII
1900, Section
17 (2).

6. At meetings convened on requisition by members, business other than that in respect of which the requisition was made may be transacted.

7. Notice in writing of an Annual Meeting of the Court shall be despatched to all members of the Court not later than the 15th day before the meeting. Notice of a special meeting shall be despatched to all members in writing not later than the 7th day before the meeting.

Notice of
meeting and
of business.

8. An agenda paper for each meeting of the Court shall be despatched to members not later than the 7th day before the meeting.

In addition to the business on this agenda paper, no business shall be transacted at a meeting unless with the consent of the Chairman of the meeting and unless permission is given to introduce it by the vote of two-thirds of the members present.

9. Notice of a motion or resolution to be moved at the Annual Meeting of the Court must be in the hands of the Registrar not less than ten days before the meeting. Notice of an amendment to a motion or resolution of which notice has been given must be in the hands of the Registrar at least three days before the annual meeting of the Court at which the motion or resolution is to be moved.

Provided that all questions as to whether proper notice of a motion or of an amendment has been given shall be decided by the Chairman of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and that the Chairman may in his discretion relax such regulations in cases where members have been debarred by distance or any other reason which the Chairman shall regard as adequate from giving the full notice required by the regulations.

10. No motion or resolution of which due notice has not been given may be moved at a meeting of the Court except :—

- (1) To adjourn the debate ;
- (2) To adjourn the meeting ;
- (3) To dissolve the meeting ;
- (4) To change the order of business ;
- (5) To refer any matter to any authority of the University ;
- (6) To pass to the next item of business ;
- (7) To appoint a committee ;
- (8) To resolve the meeting into a committee ;
- (9) That the question be now put.

There shall be no speeches in moving motions under headings (1), (2), (6) and (9).

Motions under headings 3), (4) and (8) above shall only be moved with the previous consent of the Chairman.

11. No amendment of which due notice has not been given shall be moved to a motion or resolution before a meeting of the Court unless—

- (1) the Chairman rules it to be in order as arising out of the debate, and

- (2) permission to move the amendment is given by a majority of the members present.

12. Twenty-five members of the Court shall form a quorum.

13. The Chairman at a meeting of the Court shall have a vote and a casting vote.

14. If a quorum is not present fifteen minutes after the time advertised for a meeting of the Court, there shall be no meeting. If, in the course of a meeting, any member calls attention to the fact that a quorum is no longer present, a bell shall be rung, and if, within two minutes of the ringing of the bell, a quorum is not present, the meeting shall dissolve.

RULES OF DEBATE.

15. Every motion shall be affirmative in form, and shall begin with the word "that". Motions,

16. Every motion at a meeting must be seconded, otherwise it shall drop. The seconder of a motion may reserve his speech with the permission of the Chairman.

17. When a motion has been seconded, it shall be stated from the chair, unless it be ruled out of order.

18. When the motion has been thus stated, it may be discussed as a question to be resolved either in the affirmative or in the negative or as proposed to be varied by way of amendment. When no member rises to speak to the motion, the Chairman shall proceed to put the question to the vote in the manner hereinafter mentioned.

19. Not more than one motion and one amendment thereto shall be placed before the meeting at the same time.

20. A motion once disposed of shall not be again brought forward at the same meeting, or at any adjournment thereof. A motion substantially identical in part with one already disposed of may

be brought forward with the omission of such part.

Amend-
ments.

21. Any proposal before the meeting may be amended (a) by leaving out a word or words ; (b) by leaving out a word or words in order to add or insert some other word or words ; (c) by adding or inserting a word or words

When the amendment is of the first kind, the form in which it will be proposed and handed to the chair will be, "That the words [mentioning them] be left out of the question."

When the amendment is of the second kind, the form will be, "That the words [mentioning them] be left out of the question, in order to add (or insert) the words [mentioning them]."

When the amendment is of the third kind the form will be, "That the words [mentioning them] be added or (inserted)."

22. No amendment shall be proposed which would in effect constitute a direct negative to the original motion.

23. Every amendment must be relevant to the motion upon which it is moved.

24. No amendment shall be proposed which substantially raises a question already disposed of by the meeting, or which is inconsistent with any resolution already passed by it

25. An amendment, the substance of which has been disposed of in part, may be modified by its proposer so as to retain only the part not so disposed of.

26. The order in which amendments of which previous notice has been given are to be brought forward shall be determined by the Chairman.

27. An amendment must be seconded in the same way as a motion ; otherwise it shall drop. A seconder of an amendment may reserve his speech with the permission of the Chairman.

28. When an amendment has been moved and seconded, it shall unless ruled out of order, be stated from the Chair.

29. When the Chairman has ascertained that no other member entitled to address the meeting desires to speak, the mover of the original resolution may reply upon the whole debate. But the mover of an amendment, or of a motion for dissolution or adjournment, has no right of reply.

30. No member shall speak to the question after the mover has entered on his reply.

31. When the debate is concluded, the Chairman shall, after summing up, if he so desires, put the question to the vote thus :

If there is no amendment, the Chairmn shall state the motion and take the vote of the meeting.

If there is an amendment, the Chairman shall state the motion and the amendment and take the vote of the meeting.

The votes of the members present in the meeting shall then be taken on the amendment by a show of hands.

32. If an amendment is negatived, the original motion shall be again stated from the chair, and subject to the foregoing regulations, any other amendment which is in order may then be proposed thereto.

33. If an amendment is carried, the motion, as amended shall be stated from the chair and may then be debated as a substantive question, to which the further amendments to the original motion which are in order and so far as they shall be applicable may be proposed, subject to the foregoing regulations, and such further amendments shall be disposed of in the same manner as the original amendment. When all the amendments have been thus dealt with the Chairman shall take the vote of the meeting on the motion as amended as the substantive resolution

34. A motion "That this meeting be now dissolved" or "That this meeting be now adjourned to (some specified date and hour)" may be moved at any time as a distinct question but not as an amendment, nor so as to interrupt a speech. If a motion for dissolution is carried, the business before

Adjourn-
ments.

the meeting shall drop. If a motion for adjournment is carried, the meeting shall be adjourned, and the business shall be resumed at the adjourned meeting.

35. A motion "That the debate be now adjourned to (some specified date and hour)" may be moved in the like manner, and if it be carried shall have the effect of postponing the debate on the question under consideration till the date and hour specified, and the other items on the agenda paper shall be proceeded with. If the motion be negatived, the debate shall be resumed.

36. No amendment shall be moved to a motion under either of the two last preceding regulations, except one for substituting a different date and hour for that to which it is proposed to adjourn the meeting or debate, or a motion under Regulation 39 below.

37. A meeting or a debate renewed or continued after an adjournment is to be deemed one with that preceding the adjournment.

38. A motion "That the meeting pass to the next business on the agenda paper" or "that the question be now put" may be made at any time, in like manner and subject to the same rules as one for adjournment. If such a motion be carried, the motion under consideration and the amendment thereon, if any, shall drop.

39. No motion that the meeting be dissolved or that the meeting be adjourned or that the debate be adjourned or that the question be now put or that the meeting pass to the next business, shall, except by leave of the meeting, be moved or seconded by any member who has spoken to the motion or amendment than before the meeting, or who during the discussion of such motion or amendment has already made one of the aforesaid motions. Any such motion shall take precedence of any question that may be before the meeting, and, if not withdrawn, must be disposed of before such question.

40. When a motion of the class contemplated in the last preceding regulation has been brought

forward and negatived, no other motion of that class shall be brought forward until after the lapse of what the Chairman shall deem a reasonable time ; nor shall a debate be allowed on such second or subsequent motion except with the permission of the Chairman.

41. The member who first rises to speak at the conclusion of a speech has the right to be heard. When two or more members rise to speak at the same time, the Chairman shall decide who shall speak first.

Miscellaneous.

42. Except as hereinafter provided, a member who has spoken to a motion or amendment is not at liberty to speak again to such motion or amendment.

43. In so far as the question raised by an amendment is one on which he has not yet spoken, any member may speak to that question, though he has spoken to the original question or a previous amendment.

44. No member, except with the permission of the Chairman and of the meeting, shall speak for more than fifteen minutes when proposing a motion or amendment, or for more than ten minutes when seconding or speaking to a motion or amendment, or when replying. In all cases further permission from the Court shall be required at intervals of ten minutes for the continuation of a speech.

45. It shall be open to the Court under special circumstances and by a special vote to reduce the time-limits specified in Regulation 44.

46. The Chairman may at any stage in the proceedings, at his own discretion or at the request of a member, explain the scope and effect of the motion or amendment which is before the meeting. He may also at the conclusion of a debate sum up the debate if he so desires.

47. Proposals relating to the conferring of honorary degrees, votes of thanks, messages of congratulation or condolence, addresses, and other matters of a like nature may be moved from the chair.

48. If the Chairman desires to take an active part in a debate, he shall vacate the chair until the vote on that debate shall have been taken. During such time the chair shall be taken by a member present nominated by the Chairman who has not already taken part in the debate and who waives his right to do so. The acting Chairman shall, during the debate in question, exercise all the rights of the Chairman.

49. Any member may with the permission of the Chairman, rise, even while another is speaking, to explain any expression used by himself which may have been misunderstood by the speaker, but he shall confine himself strictly to such explanation.

50. Any member may call the Chairman's attention to a point of order even while another member is addressing the meeting, but no speech shall be made on such point of order.

51. The Chairman shall be the sole judge on any point of order, and may call any member to order, and may, if necessary, dissolve the meeting, or adjourn it to some hour on the same or the following day.

52. A motion or amendment may be withdrawn by permission of the Chairman by any member who has given notice of such motion or amendment, but any other member may before the meeting passes on to the next business move the same motion or amendment in his place.

53. Any motion or amendment standing in the name of a member who is absent from a meeting may be brought forward by any other member.

Voting.

54. On putting any question to the vote, the Chairman shall call for an indication of the opinion of the Court by a show of hands in the affirmative and negative, and shall declare the result thereof according to his opinion.

Any six members may then demand a division except on a motion of the kind contemplated in Regulations 35, 38 and 39. The Chairman shall thereupon give such directions for effecting the division as he shall consider expedient and shall

nominate scrutineers to count the votes. The names of the members who vote for or against the motion, or decline to vote, shall be recorded.

55. If no division is demanded, any member shall have the right to dissent and to have the fact of his dissent recorded, provided such dissent be announced as soon as the Chairman shall have declared the result of the voting.

56. The Court may, when it thinks fit, appoint Committees. a committee consisting of any number of its members, or it may with the consent of the Chairman, resolve itself into committee for the consideration of business duly brought before it.

57. A motion for the appointment of a committee on a subject under debate or for the resolution of the meeting into a committee, may be made by any member at any time, and without the notice required by regulation 9.

58. A motion for the appointment of a committee must define the purpose for which the committee is to serve and the number of members to compose it. Amendments for enlarging or restricting the operations of a committee or for enlarging or restricting the number may be made without previous notice. If the motion is carried, the member moving shall name the persons whom he wishes to form the committee. Amendments may be made proposing other names. A ballot shall then be taken, if necessary, and the requisite number appointed from those who obtain the largest number of votes.

59. The quorum for a committee of the whole Court shall be the same as that provided for the meetings of the Court; the quorum for a committee appointed by the Court shall be determined at the time of appointment and shall be not less than a majority of the members appointed.

60. The Chairman of a committee of the whole Court shall be the same as for a meeting of the Court; the Chairman of a committee appointed by the Court shall be appointed by the

Court at the time of the appointment of the committee.

In committee the proceedings shall be governed by the regulations framed for debate, which, however, may be relaxed at the discretion of the Chairman.

61. The resolutions by the Court passed in committee shall be embodied in a report prepared by the Registrar and signed by the Chairman, but shall not become final until they have been confirmed by the Court at a subsequent meeting.

62. The resolutions of a committee appointed by the Court shall be embodied in a report prepared by the Registrar or by a member of the committee, which report shall be laid before the committee for adoption or amendment. The report, duly signed by the members of the committee, with notes of dissent, if any, shall be presented to the Court at its next meeting, subject to the provisions of Regulation 8 respecting notice.

Elections.

63. In all cases of election, other than those specifically provided for, the candidates shall be proposed and seconded. If no more candidates are nominated than there are vacancies to be filled, the Chairman shall declare those candidates to be elected. If the number of candidates exceeds the number of vacancies a decision shall be obtained by proportionate voting, the voters stating on the ballot paper the names of the candidates they desire to vote for in order of preference.

Protests.

64. Any member of the Court intending to protest against a resolution of the Court shall give notice of his intention to the Registrar within a week from the date of the issue of the minutes of the meeting at which the resolution was passed, and within one week thereafter lodge his protest with the Registrar. The Registrar shall thereupon forward the protest to the Chairman of the meeting and request him to nominate three members to form a committee to prepare a memorandum in support of the resolution, and the committee so nominated shall frame the memorandum accordingly. The Registrar shall then cause

the protest and memorandum to be printed and circulated to each member of the Court ; they shall also be laid on the table at the next meeting of the Court, and recorded in the minutes thereof.

If the protest relates to a matter the final decision of which rests with the Chancellor or with the Governor-General in Council, the Registrar shall further submit the protest and memorandum, together with a copy of the Resolution, to the Chancellor or to the Governor-General in Council, as the case may be, for his consideration and orders.

If a protest has been lodged with the Registrar with reference to a resolution which requires the confirmation of the Chancellor or of the Governor-General in Council, the resolution shall not be sent up for confirmation except with the protest and the memorandum.

65. No matter which has been decided by the Court shall, within a period of twelve months, be reconsidered, except at a special meeting of the Court convened for the purpose upon the requisition of thirty members and unless three-fourths of the members present at such meeting vote in favour of a reconsideration.

Reconsiderations.

66. Within seven days after a meeting of the Court, a draft of the minutes of such meeting shall be submitted by the Registrar to the Chairman and attested by him. The minutes shall then be printed and circulated to all members of the Court, and such of them as were present shall, within a fortnight of the issue of the minutes, communicate to the Registrar any exceptions they may take to the correctness thereof. The minutes and the exceptions taken, if any, shall be laid before the next meeting of the Court, and the minutes in their final form shall then be confirmed. Once every twelve months, or at such other intervals as the Court shall direct, the Executive Council shall cause the minutes of the meetings of the Court to be printed and a copy thereof to be forwarded to each member.

Minutes.

67. In any case not provided for by these regulations, the Chairman shall give a ruling as to procedure on the principles already laid down.

General.

68. Representatives of the Press and visitors may be admitted to meetings of the Court, provided they have obtained the permission of the Registrar.

CHAPTER I A.

Ordinances.

ORDINANCES RELATING TO THE ELECTION OF MEMBERS OF THE COURT BY REGISTERED GRADUATES.

1. Once every year, on such date as may be appointed by the Vice-Chancellor, there shall be an election of members of the Court by the registered graduates of the University, to fill up such vacancies as shall have occurred during the year among the members elected by those graduates.

2. Only persons whose names are on the register of registered graduates at the date fixed by the Vice-Chancellor for the issue of voting papers shall be entitled to vote for the election.

3. Intimation of the date fixed for the election shall be sent to Registered Graduates at least thirty days before such date. The register of graduates will thereupon be closed until the date of the election and no new graduates will be registered.

4. Any registered graduate may propose the name of any other registered graduate for election as a member of the Court by sending to the Registrar at least twenty one days before the date fixed for election the name of the candidate proposed and a brief statement of his qualifications. The Registrar shall cause a list of the nominees together with the statement of the qualifications to be printed and circulated among registered graduates not less than fifteen days before the election.

5. The voting shall be by means of voting papers signed and attested as hereinafter provided.

6. The voting papers will be issued by the Registrar in such form as the Executive Council may from time to time determine and each graduate shall mark on it the names of the candidates for whom he votes and sign his own name at the bottom. His signature must be attested by a member of the Court or of the Executive Council or of the Academic Council or by the Registrar or by a Magistrate or Judicial Officer.

7. Every graduate shall have one vote for each vacancy but he shall not have the right to record more than one vote in favour of one candidate. He may, if he so chooses, withhold one or more of his votes.

8. If any candidate for election is proved to have secured a vote by improper means or if any corrupt practice in respect of his election is proved, his name shall forthwith be removed from the list of candidates, and he shall not be eligible for election in that year or, if he has already been elected, the Vice-Chancellor shall cancel his election and order a fresh election.

9. When a candidate has been elected, any registered graduate may challenge the election on the ground stated in regulation 8 above or on any other ground. Written objections against the election must be filed with the Registrar within thirty days of the election.

10. On receipt of any objection under ordinance 9 above the Vice-Chancellor shall nominate a Board consisting of two members of the Court and two members of the Executive Council, with himself as President, to enquire into the allegations, and the decision of the Board shall be final.

11. The following actions, among others, shall be considered to amount to corrupt practice on the part of a candidate or his agent : -

- (a) Paying the registration fee payable by the voter ,

- (b) Tampering with, or handling the voting paper of the voter.

12. Voting papers must be sent by the voters to the Registrar in a sealed cover, sealed with a distinctive seal, unless they are signed in the presence of the Registrar, in which case, they may be delivered to him unsealed.

CHAPTER 'I B.

Ordinanees. ORDINANCES RELATING TO THE ELECTION OF LECTURERS AS MEMBERS OF THE COURT BY THE TEACHERS OF THE UNIVERSITY.

1 There shall be held, on dates to be appointed by the Vice-Chancellor, elections to fill vacancies among the members of the Court elected by the Teachers of the University.

NOTE. The term 'Teachers' includes Professors, Readers and Lecturers. [Vide section 2 (g) of the Dacca University Act XVIII of 1920.]

2. Intimation of the date fixed for an election shall be sent to all teachers by the Registrar at least 15 clear days before such date.

3. Any teacher may propose the name of any lecturer for election as a member of the Court by sending to the Registrar at least 10 clear days before the date fixed for election the name of the candidate proposed and a brief statement of his qualifications. The Registrar shall cause a list of the nominees together with the statement of the qualifications to be circulated among the teachers of the University not less than 4 clear days before the election.

4. The election shall be by means of balloting papers, and shall take place at a meeting of teachers presided over by the Vice-Chancellor or in

his absence by a deputy nominated by him in this behalf. The balloting papers shall be counted by two scrutineers appointed by the Vice-Chancellor or his deputy.

5. Every teacher shall have one vote for each vacancy, but he shall not have the right to record more than one vote in favour of one candidate. He may, if he so chooses, withhold one or more of his votes.

6. No candidate shall be deemed to be elected, unless he obtains an absolute majority of the votes of the persons present and voting. If an absolute majority of such votes is not obtained by any candidate who would otherwise be elected, there shall be a fresh election after eliminating the names of

(a) those candidates who having obtained an absolute majority of the votes have been elected and

(b) the candidate who has obtained the smallest number of votes.

Provided that if the number of candidates remaining after the elimination provided for under sub-section (a) above do not exceed the number of candidates remaining to be elected, no action shall be taken under sub-section (b) above.

CHAPTER II.

THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Regulations.

1. The Executive Council shall meet ordinarily on the first Monday in each month while the University is in session.

2. The Council shall at its first meeting in each calendar year elect a Vice-Chairman for the year, who shall preside at meetings in the absence of the Vice-Chancellor. If at any meeting both the Vice-Chancellor and the Vice-Chairman are absent, the Council shall elect a Chairman for the meeting.

3. Seven members shall form a quorum.

4. The Vice-Chancellor may at any time and shall within ten days on requisition being made to him in writing signed by not less than six members of the Council convene an Extraordinary meeting of the Council.

5. Three days' notice shall be given of extraordinary meetings of the Council, except when the nature of the business to be brought before the Council in the opinion of the Vice-Chancellor necessitates an immediate meeting. When in the opinion of the Vice-Chancellor an immediate meeting is necessary, every member of the Council resident in Dacca shall receive a notice of the meeting in time to enable him to attend the meeting and no business that is not of immediate urgency shall be transacted at the meeting.

6. At the meetings of the Executive Council the Chairman shall have a vote and a casting vote.

CHAPTER III.

Regulation.

THE ACADEMIC COUNCIL.

1. The Vice-Chancellor shall convene a meeting of the Academic Council at any time on his own initiative or on receipt of a requisition signed by not less than eight members of the Council.

2. Not less than two days' notice shall be given of the time and place of meeting.

3. Ten members shall form a quorum..

4. In the absence of the Vice Chancellor the meeting shall elect a Provost or the Dean of one of the Faculties to preside at the meeting.

5. At all the meetings of the Council the Chairman shall have a vote and a casting vote.

CHAPTER IV.

COMMITTEES OF COURSES AND STUDIES.

Ordinances.

1. There shall be a Committee of Courses of Studies for each Honours School, and for each subject for the ordinary degree. The same committee may be appointed to serve for more than one course.

2. Each committee shall consist of not more than nine members elected for one calendar year by the Faculty within whose purview the course lies at a meeting to be held in December. At least three quarters of the members of any committee shall be teachers in one of the subjects of the course.

Constitution.

3. The Chairman of each committee shall be elected from among the heads of Departments by the Faculty which has constituted the committee.

4. If two or more committees belonging to the same Faculty meet jointly, the Chairman at the joint session shall be the Dean or a head of Department appointed by the Dean ; whereas if such committees belong to different Faculties, the Chairman at the joint session shall be the Vice-Chancellor, or a head of Department appointed by the Vice-Chancellor.

Joint meetings.

5. The functions of the committees shall be to make recommendation to the Faculty on the following matters, (1) syllabuses for subjects of instruction (2) correlation of subjects permitted in the various courses, (3) new courses of study, (4) the names of examiners.

6. Two-thirds of the members of a committee of a course of studies or, in the case of joint sessions, of the total number of the members of the committees meeting jointly, shall form a quorum.

CHAPTER V.

Ordinances.**BOARD OF RESIDENCE, HEALTH AND
DISCIPLINE.**

1. The Board of Residence, Health and Discipline shall consist of—

The Vice-Chancellor who shall be Chairman and convener.

The Proctor, who shall be Secretary.

The Director of Physical Education.

The Civil Surgeon of Dacca.

The Medical Officer of the University.

The Provosts.

The Wardens (if any.)

Three teachers appointed by the Executive Council, of whom one at least shall be a Hindu and one at least a Muhammadan,

2. The powers of the Board shall be -

(a) to decide in particular cases whether a non-resident student shall, under the existing statutes and ordinances be permitted to reside under the conditions under which he applies for permission to reside ;

(b) to report to the Executive Council rules and regulations affecting the health of students and in the case of an epidemic, on the measures to be taken ;

(c) to report to the Executive Council rules and regulations affecting the discipline of students elsewhere than within the compounds of the halls and hostels.

3. No ordinance or regulation relating to the conditions of residence, health, or discipline of students shall be passed by the Executive Council, unless the opinion of the Board of Residence, Health and Discipline upon it has previously been taken.

4. The Board of Residence, Health and Discipline shall have the right to express an opinion on

all plans for new, or alterations to old, buildings, and on all schemes for drainage or levelling before they are adopted by the Executive Council.

CHAPTER VI.

EXAMINATIONS.

Ordinances.

1. The dates of all University examinations shall be fixed by the Executive Council after report from the Academic Council and the date of an examination shall ordinarily be announced at least six months before the examination takes place.

2. The appointment of examiners for all University examinations shall be made by the Academic Council after report from the relevant Faculty or Faculties at least six months before the dates of the examination, for which their services are required and with such remuneration as shall be determined by the Executive Council.

3. At least one External examiner shall be required to take part in the *viva voce* examination for each Honours school and to attend the meeting of the Examination Committee at which the results are considered. Such examiners shall, in accepting their appointments, agree to come to Dacca for a stated period for the purpose.

4. If any examiner is obliged to resign his appointment before the examination takes place, the Academic Council shall appoint another examiner to fill the vacancy ; but if, during the course of an examination, any examiner is for any cause incapable of acting as such, the Vice-Chancellor shall appoint an examiner to fill the vacancy [section 35 (2) of the Act.]

5. As soon as the appointment of examiners for any University examination is completed, the Academic Council shall constitute the necessary Examination Committees and appoint chairmen for

these committees. Each Examination Committee shall include at least one External Examiner.

There shall be separate Examination Committees for (1) each of the Honours Schools, (2) each of the subjects for the examinations for the degree of Master, (3) each candidate for the degree of Doctor and (4) for each of the subjects of examinations for ordinary degrees.

For ordinary Degrees the Past List shall be drawn up by a joint meeting consisting of two representatives of each of the Examination Committees for the subjects of the examination, elected by each such Committee. The meeting shall be presided over by the Vice-Chancellor or in his absence by the Dean of the relevant Faculty. One of the representatives of each Examination Committee, provided for above shall, if possible, be an External Examiner.

6. The functions of Examination Committees shall be to moderate examination questions, to prepare the results of the examinations, and to report the results to the Executive Council for publication [section 35 (4) of the Act.]

The Examination Committee shall in each case decide by which members the papers shall be set in the first instance.

7. All question papers shall be sent to the Registrar in sealed covers by a date to be fixed by the Academic Council not less than 5 months before the date of the examination. The Registrar shall forward the papers to the Chairman of the appropriate Examination Committees, who shall present them to their respective committees for consideration. The Chairman shall return the question papers, in the form approved by the various Committees, to the Registrar for printing, not less than four months before the dates of the respective examinations.

8. No question shall be asked at any University examination which may require an expression of religious belief on the part of the candidates; and no answer or translation given by any candidate

shall be objected to on the ground of its expressing peculiarities of religious belief.

9. Each script at the examination in any Honours School shall be marked in the first instance by one examiner and revised by another.

10. Before admission to any examination, candidates must pay the examination fee and all other outstanding University dues.

11. The Academic Council shall make all arrangements for the carrying out of University Examinations and shall require teachers of the University to take part in the work of invigilating for such remuneration as may be determined by the Executive Council.

CHAPTER VII.

UNIVERSITY ACCOUNTS.

Ordinances.

1. The income of the University shall be divided under two heads, viz :—

- (a) Government Grant.
- (b) Non-Government Sources.

[Under section 20 (d) of Act XVIII of 1920, the Executive Council is authorized to submit an annual requisition to Government for necessary grants. Clause (g) of the same section empowers it to accept the transfer of any movable or immovable property on behalf of the University. Clause (i) of section 4 of the Schedule enables the Executive Council to invest any University funds in securities, movable or immovable.]

2. The administration of the funds of the University from all sources shall be vested in the Executive Council (section 20 of Act XVIII of 1920).

3. The Executive Council shall appoint from among its own members a Finance Committee to

advise it on matters of finance (section 20 of Act). This committee shall consist of six members, including ex-officio the Vice-Chancellor, and the Treasurer, who shall be Chairman and convener. It shall also include at least one member elected to the Executive Council by the Court.

Preparation
of Budget.

4. By a date to be fixed by the Executive Council the Finance Committee shall prepare in the prescribed form a budget estimate of the probable income and expenditure and submit it to the Executive Council for approval.

5. The budget estimate shall set forth the estimated receipts and expenditure and opening and closing balances.

6. The budget estimate shall be accompanied by necessary explanatory schedules.

7. If at any time during the year the Executive Council has reason to believe that the budget under any head is likely to be exceeded and that the excess cannot be met by reduction under some other head, a supplementary budget estimate shall be prepared with the least possible delay and submitted to Government.

8. If the Executive Council has reason to suppose that the receipts under any head are likely to fall materially short of the budget estimate, a revised budget estimate shall be prepared with the least possible delay and submitted as above to Government.

Realisation
of Fees.

9. All fees and fines shall be paid to the office of the Registrar.

Payment of
salaries.

10. Salaries fall due on the first day of the month following that for which the salary is paid.

11. Income Tax, Subscription to Provident Fund, House rent and other dues to the University shall be deducted from the salaries of officers and teachers before payment is made to them.

12. Payment for salaries shall ordinarily be by cheque. If any officer or teacher desires that payment shall be made to him in cash, he will

attend the Registrar's office at a time fixed by the Registrar and receive it in person.

13. With every payment of salary shall be furnished a slip showing the amount of salary due and the amount of deduction under different heads.

14. Save with the special sanction of the Vice-Chancellor no claim by an officer or teacher for money due to him from the University shall be valid unless made within six months of the date at which the payment fell due.

15. No recovery of salary or other money paid in excess by the University to an officer or teacher shall be made after twelve months have elapsed from the time the payment was made, unless it appears that the officer or teacher was aware at the time of payment that he was receiving more than was due to him.

16. For every member of the University staff holding a substantive appointment on its permanent establishment a service book, duly filled in and attested, shall be maintained.

Record of
service.

17. The Treasurer shall be responsible for the presentation to the Executive Council of the annual estimates and statements of accounts and for seeing that all monies are expended on the object for which they were granted or allotted.

18. The following officers shall be severally granted consolidated annual allotments and shall maintain an account register of all the expenditure incurred by their respective branches. The Registrar will keep an account in respect of each such department :—

The Provosts.

The Heads of Departments of Study.

The Librarian.

The Registrar.

They will be allowed permanent advances for petty expenditure. Balances of allotments will be carried over to the following year.

19. The Steward shall be attached to the office of the Registrar and be subject to his control.

**Travelling
Allowance.**

20. Travelling allowances shall be granted to members of the Court and to members of the University Staff for journeys undertaken in the interests of the University at the rates allowed by Government to its servants of the same rank. For this purpose, except as provided for above, Officers, Professors, Readers, External Examiners, and members of the Court, not being members of the University Staff, shall be deemed to have the rank of Government officers of the first class; other members of the University Staff shall rank as Officers of the 2nd or 3rd class according as their pay is or is not over Rs. 200 per mensem. In the case of a person in none of the above categories the Executive Council shall make a special rule.

21. The Vice Chancellor shall be regarded as the controlling officer for the purpose of passing bills for travelling allowances.

**Record
of appoint-
ments.**

22. There shall be maintained a permanent register in which all appointments, promotions, leave, suspension, fines, reduction or enhancement of salaries, and office arrangements regarding all members of the University Staff are entered.

CHAPTER VIII.

Ordinances.

ENDOWMENTS AND BEQUESTS.

1. Endowments, the annual income form which is to be used for the periodical grant of medals, prizes, scholarship, or the maintenance of a University Chair or Readership, may be of the following forms :—

- (a) Any amount in cash or trustee securities not less than Rs. 500.
- (b) Landed properties, *e. g.* fee simple or revenue-paying estate yielding a net annual profit of not less than Rs. 1,000.

2. All endowments (whether in the form of a bequest,* donation or transfer of property) must be made in writing and by a registered deed in cases in which registration is necessary under the provision of the Indian Registration Act or any other Act for registration of such transaction which is, or may hereafter be, in force in British India.

3. All offers of endowments shall be made, through the Vice-Chancellor, to the Executive Council. If the proposed endowment be accepted, the decision of the Executive Council shall be reported to the Court at its next meeting.

CHAPTER IX.

CONDITIONS OF SERVICE OF OFFICERS, TEACHERS AND MEMBERS OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE AND CLERICAL STAFF.

Ordinances.

1. The Executive Council shall, subject to the conditions laid down in Section 44 (1) of Act XVIII of 1920, Statutes 16, 17 and 18 and the Ordinances, have power to appoint officers (other than the Vice-Chancellor and Treasurer), teachers and members of the Administrative and Clerical staff of the University, to determine their remuneration and the terms of their service (in accordance with the Ordinances), and to dismiss or discharge them when necessity arises after a report from the Academic Council.

2. All teachers of the University shall ordinarily be appointed on written contracts extending over seven years in the first instance ; but these contracts may be renewed for such period or periods as the Executive Council shall decide, after a report from the Academic Council, in the event of the teacher having given satisfactory proof, during

* For form of Bequest *vide* Appendix B.

his initial period of service, of active work in his own subject

3. Service as a teacher under the University shall ordinarily terminate at the end of session (June 30th) in which the age of 55 is attained. In special cases, however, this limit may be extended at the discretion of the Executive Council.

4. Leave to the Vice-Chancellor and Treasurer shall be granted by the Chancellor on the recommendation of the Executive Council, leave to other officers shall be granted by the Executive Council, leave to teachers by the Executive Council on the recommendation of the Academic Council, and leave to members of the clerical and administrative staff by the heads of the offices to which they are attached.

5. Every day of which the whole is not spent on duty shall be held to be a day of leave.

6. Vacation on full pay may be taken in continuation of any leave, and when the period of leave commences on the day following the last day of a vacation and concludes on the day preceding the first day of a vacation, both vacations may be taken on full pay in continuation of the leave

7. The amount of furlough on half average salary for the previous 3 years due to an officer, teacher or clerk at any time is one-fifth of his entire service under the University, less the amount of furlough and leave on medical certificate that he has already enjoyed.

8. Furlough, except on medical certificate, shall not be granted to an officer, teacher or clerk of less than five years' standing in the University.

9. An officer or teacher shall earn one month's special leave on half pay in every year of service and in every fraction of a year the same fraction of a month. Special leave can be accumulated up to three months.

10. If an officer, teacher or clerk is retained on duty by competent authority during a vacation, he shall earn Privilege leave on full pay amounting to one quarter of the period thus spent on duty.

There shall be no limit to the amount of Privilege leave accumulated under this rule and such leave can be added to the three months' Special leave which can ordinarily be accumulated, and may be taken in extension of any other kind of leave.

11. If an officer or teacher on Special or Privilege leave would, in the ordinary course, return to duty not more than one month before the commencement of a vacation, he may be granted Subsidiary leave on half pay for a period sufficient to join his period of leave to that vacation and the vacation shall be on full pay.

12. Leave on half pay, except leave on medical certificate, may be commuted to leave on full pay for half the period for which leave on half pay is due, provided that such commuted leave shall not extend over a period of more than three months or be combined with leave other than vacation in such a way that the total period of leave exceeds three months. After commuted leave has been taken no further commuted leave shall be taken by the same person within an interval of two years.

13. Special leave under rule 9 cannot be enjoyed in India or Ceylon except when it is taken on medical certificate; Privilege leave under rule 10 can.

14. Leave may be granted on medical certificate up to the amount of Furlough due, but not exceeding one year, on half average salary, and an equal amount on quarter average salary. If an officer or teacher commences his leave on medical certificate immediately after a vacation, not having been on leave of any kind for more than five days during the two months previous to the vacation or concludes his leave on medical certificate immediately before a vacation and is not on leave of any kind for more than five days during the succeeding two months, he shall draw full pay during the vacation.

15. An officer or teacher shall, on return from medical leave submit to the Executive Council a

medical certificate from the University Medical Officer to the effect that he is fit to return to duty.

16. Study leave on three-quarters pay for a period not exceeding one year, to be enjoyed only outside India, may be granted to a teacher of not less than 5 years' standing. All applications for study leave must be accompanied by a statement of the work the teacher intends to do during the leave and on return from leave the teacher must submit to the Academic Council a short diary of the work he has done.

17. Casual leave, which cannot be accumulated and cannot be joined to any other sort of leave, for ten days in one academic year, can be granted :—

(1) By the Vice-Chancellor to an Officer of the University, a Provost or a Head of a Department.

(2) By the Dean of Faculty to a teacher other than the Provost or Head of a Department under the Faculty.

(3) By the Head of an office to a member of his staff.

18. If an officer, teacher or clerk is absent from duty for a period not exceeding one week immediately after a vacation, he may, at the discretion of the Executive Council, be granted an extension of vacation (a) on half pay, (b) without allowances, according as it appears that he has, or has not, made a reasonable effort to return to duty at the proper time.

19. Any kind of leave, except Casual leave, can be combined with any other kind of leave, except as provided under paragraph 12.

20. Every member of the public services in India appointed to a post under the University shall retain a right to all leave earned prior to employment by the University, provided satisfactory arrangements to meet cost have been made with the Government concerned. Such leave shall, however, only be granted when it can be taken without prejudice to University work, and after reference to the Accountant-General as to the amount of leave due,

21. Leave without allowances for a period not exceeding two years may be granted by the Executive Council under conditions to be determined in each individual case, provided that the interests of the University are not seriously prejudiced by such grant of leave.

22. When an officer or teacher of the University who draws an allowance or is exempted from payment of house rent goes on leave, the officer or teacher who undertakes the duties for the performance of which such privileges are granted, shall enjoy those privileges.

23. The amount of allowance if any to be paid to an officer or teacher who undertakes additional duty on account of the absence on leave of another officer or teacher shall be decided in each case by the Executive Council (after report from the Academic Council in the case of teachers), but no allowance shall ordinarily be given to a teacher for undertaking additional work in teaching on account of the absence of another teacher.

(a) No person on leave shall be permitted to accept a salaried appointment or undertake professional work while on leave, except with the permission of the Executive Council.

24. All officers, teachers and other members of the University staff (not being Government servants) shall subscribe to the Provident Fund of the University according to the Statutes governing this Fund.

CHAPTER X.

Ordinances.

APPOINTMENTS TO TEACHING POSTS OTHER THAN
PROFESSORSHIPS AND READERSHIPS.

(*Vide* Section 18 of the Schedule to
Act XVIII of 1920).

1. Appointments to teaching posts other than Professorships and Readerships shall be made by the Executive Council [*Vide* Section 20 (*f*) to Act XVIII of 1920, and Section 4 (*c*) of the Schedule] after report from Committees of Selection constituted for this purpose as follows :—

- (*i*) The Vice-Chancellor ;
- (*ii*) The Dean of the Faculty concerned,
and
- (*iii*) The Head of the Department concerned.

2. All teaching appointments other than Professorships and Readerships shall be advertised.

CHAPTER XI.

Ordinances.

RESIDENCES.

1. The full monthly rental of all houses belonging to the University shall be fixed at $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. of the capital cost of the site and buildings (this rental comprises $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per annum for interest on capital and $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per annum for maintenance and repairs).

2. The full rental of the portions of residences occupied by officers and teachers, when two or more officers or teachers are accommodated in the same building, shall be assessed by the Treasurer, whose decision in the matter shall be final. The total of the rental of the different portions of a residence shall not exceed the full rental of the residence assessed according to the foregoing ordinance.

3. No officer or teacher of the University shall be charged rent in excess of 10 per cent. of the total amount received by him from the University (exclusive of fees for examination and other special work) during the month for which the rent is paid.

4. The following officers and classes of officers and teachers shall not be charged rent for the residences or quarters which they occupy :—

The Vice-Chancellor.

The Provosts.

The House-tutors and Assistant House-tutors who reside in Halls.

5. Monthly rent for sanitary, water-supply and electrical installations shall be charged at a uniform rate of $\frac{3}{4}$ per cent. of the capital cost (this rent comprises $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per annum for interest on capital and $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per annum for maintenance and repairs). This rent shall be paid by tenants in addition to the rent of their residences as fixed in Ordinances 1 and 2 above, and shall also be paid by tenants who are not charged rent for their residences.

Provided that in no case shall the combined charge for house-rent, rent for sanitary, water supply and electrical installations exceed $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. of the total amount received by him from the University (as defined in Ordinance 3 above).

6. Occupiers of residences under Ordinances 1-4 above shall be responsible for the payment on demand of Municipal occupiers' taxes, unless they are granted rooms in the residential blocks of Halls or Hostels, in which case they shall be exempted.

7. Houses shall be allocated to particular officers and teachers by the Vice-Chancellor acting in consultation with the Treasurer.

8. Urgent repairs to residences for which the estimate does not exceed Rs. 50 shall be carried out by the Steward with the approval of the Registrar. Estimates for repairs of over Rs. 50 must be accepted before the work is begun by the Executive Council, or such Committee as may be empowered by them in this behalf.

CHAPTER XII.

Ordinances.

FACULTY OF ARTS.

PART I.—GENERAL.

1. The Departments in this Faculty shall be—

1. Islamic Studies (including Arabic).
2. Persian and Urdu.
3. Sanskritic Studies.
4. Sanskrit and Bengali.
5. English Language and Literature.
6. History and Political Science.
7. Philosophy.
8. Economics.
9. Mathematics.
10. Education.

2. The degrees in this Faculty shall be —

1. Bachelor of Arts (B. A.)
2. Master of Arts (M. A.)
3. Doctor of Philosophy (Ph. D.)
4. Bachelor of Teaching (B. T.)
5. Master of Teaching (M. T.)

Degree of
Bachelor of
Arts,

3. The degree of Bachelor of Arts shall be conferred either as an Ordinary degree or as a degree with Honours.

4. Candidates shall not be admitted to the final examination for the degree of Bachelor of Arts unless they have—

- (1) fulfilled the conditions for the residence of students reading for the degree ;
- (2) passed the prescribed test in oral English and English composition ;
- (3) furnished a certificate from their tutor, countersigned by the Head of the Department in the case of students reading for a degree with Honours, and by the Provost or Warden of their Hall or Hostel in the case of students reading for the Ordinary degree, testifying

that the student is fitted to appear at the examination ; and

(4) Paid the examination fee to the Registrar.

5. The test in English will be held at the end of every term, and students may take it at any time after entering the University. Instruction in the practical use of the English language will be provided by the University but no student shall be compelled to attend any course before appearing at the examination. Candidates who fail will be allowed to take the test again. Regulations.

PART II. ORDINARY DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS. Ordinances.

1. Courses of study for the Ordinary degree of Bachelor of Arts shall extend over two academic years, and the degree examination shall be held at the end of the second academic year.

2. Candidates shall be required, before presenting themselves for the degree examination, to have resided at a Hall or Hostel, or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XVIII of Ordinances for the Residence of Students, for a period of not less than 180 days in each of two academic years.

3. The final examination shall comprise one paper on the student's vernacular (language and literature), and nine papers on a group of three subjects, three papers to be set on each of the subjects of the group.

4. The following groups shall be permitted :—

- I. English Literature, History, Politics.
- II. English Literature, Philosophy, Politics.
- III. Sanskrit or Arabic or Persian, Mathematics, History.
- IV. Sanskrit or Arabic or Persian, or Islamic Studies, History, Philosophy.
- V. Sanskrit or Arabic or Persian or Islamic Studies, English Literature, Philosophy.

- VI. Sanskrit or Arabic or Persian History, Politics.
- VII. Philosophy, Politics, History.
- VIII. History, Politics, Economics.
- IX. History, Philosophy, Principles of Education.
- X. Mathematics, Philosophy or Politics, Economics.
- XI. English, History, Sanskrit or Arabic or Persian or Islamic Studies and such other groups as shall from time to time be determined by the Academic Council after report from the Faculty.

5. The preliminary qualifications for students taking each group shall be determined by the Academic Council after report from the Faculty.

6. If English Literature is not a Subject of any group a certain number of standard books in English on the subjects selected shall be prescribed for study in connection with that group.

7. Candidates who wish to be examined in a vernacular other than Bengali or Urdu for the final examination must apply to the Registrar at least six months before the date of the examination. Candidates whose vernacular is English shall be given a special examination in a prescribed period of English Literature.

8. Names of successful candidates shall be arranged in alphabetical order, but candidates whose work shows special proficiency shall be awarded a mark of distinction. A mark of distinction shall not be awarded to a student who does not pass in all the subjects of the examination on the same occasion.

9. Candidates who fail in one subject only but obtain in the aggregate sufficient marks for a pass shall be permitted to enter for that subject only at the next examination, but if they fail a second time they shall be required to enter again for the whole examination.

10 A student who is reading for an Ordinary degree may be transferred by the Dean on the recommendation of the Provost of his Hall to a course for the degree with Honours at any time up to the commencement of the second academic year.

PART III-A—DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS

Ordinances

WITH HONOURS.

1. Courses of study for the degree of Bachelor of Arts with Honours shall extend over a period of three academic years, and students will not be permitted to enter for the examination for Honours later than the end of the fourth academic year after first entering the University.

2. Candidates shall be required before presenting themselves for the final degree examination, to have resided at a Hall or Hostel, or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of the Ordinances for the residence of students, for a period of not less than 180 days in each of three academic years.

3. There shall be the following Honours Schools in the Faculty of Arts :—

- (i) Islamic Studies.
- (ii) Arabic.
- (iii) Persian and Urdu.
- (iv) Sanskritic Studies
- (v) Sanskrit and Bengali.
- (vi) English Language and Literature.
- (vii) History
- (viii) Philosophy.
- (ix) Politics.
- (x) Economics.
- (xi) Mathematics.

4. Every candidate for the degree of Bachelor of Arts with Honours shall take eight papers on the subjects of his Honours School, and two papers on each of two subsidiary subjects approved by the Faculty. The papers in the subsidiary subjects shall be set by the Examination Committee for the

principal subject with the assistance of such special examiners as may be added to the Committee for this purpose. The special examiners shall have the right to vote only on questions relating to the relevant subsidiary subject. The additional papers permitted in the various Honours Schools shall be determined by the Faculty on the recommendation of the Committees of Courses and Studies.

The examination of all Honours Schools (save for the School of Mathematics) shall include a *viva voce* examination.

5. The examination of any Honours School may be taken in two parts. The first part must consist of at least four and not more than six papers, and shall be taken at the end of the second academic year.

6. In all Honours Schools, save the School of English Language and Literature and Schools in which certain subjects from the Honours Schools of English Literature are prescribed as subsidiary subjects, a number of standard books in English on some of the subjects of the course shall be prescribed.

7. Names of successful candidates shall be published in such form as to distinguish the Honours School in which severally they have passed. They shall be drawn up in two classes and arranged in alphabetical order.

8. Candidates who fail will be allowed to take the examination of the same Honours School a second time.

9. The length of the course of study pursued by the candidate shall be stated on his diploma.

10. Candidates who have not acquitted themselves so as to deserve Honours may be awarded an Ordinary degree.

11. Candidates who have passed the examination in one Honours School, may, after pursuing a further course of study approved by the Dean for at least one and not more than two academic years, be admitted to the examination of any other Honours School. Such candidates shall be required

to take only the papers in the principal subjects of their second Honours School and not in any subsidiary subject.

12. Students who are reading for the Degree with Honours, may, on the recommendation of the Head of the Department responsible for their studies, be transferred by the Dean to the pass course at any time up to the commencement of the second academic year. The Faculty shall, with the approval of the Academic Council in each case, have power to modify the final examination for the Ordinary degree for students who have been reading one full academic year in an Honours School.

PART III-B—COURSES FOR THE HONOURS
DEGREE IN ARTS.

Regulations.

I.—HONOURS SCHOOL OF ISLAMIC STUDIES.

- I. Arabic Grammar—One paper.
- II. Arabic Composition and Translation of unseen passages—One paper.
- III. Outlines of Arabic Literature with prescribed books—One paper.
- IV. The Quran with Tafsir (Quranic exegesis and criticism)—One paper.
- V. The Principles of Islam or Kalam (critical study)—One paper.
- VI. Hadith (Critical study of the Sayings of the Prophet)—One paper.

Either A.

- VII. Fiqh—One paper.

and

Usul—One paper.

Or B

- VII. Special subject to be studied from original texts—Two papers : —

(a) Arabic poetry.

(b) Comparative Philology of the Semitic Languages.

- (c) Philosophy of Islam with two prescribed authors from Ar-Razi, Al-Ghazzali, Ibn Taimia, Ibn Sina and Ibn Rashid (Averroes).

II—HONOURS SCHOOL OF ARABIC.

- I. Grammar—One paper.
- II. Composition and Translation of unseen passages—One paper.
- III. Principles of Comparative Philology—One paper.
- IV. Outlines of Arabic Literature—One paper
- V. Arabic Prose with prescribed books—One paper.
- VI. Arabic Poetry with prescribed books—Two papers.
- VII. Rhetoric and Prosody—One paper.

III—HONOURS SCHOOL OF PERSIAN AND URDU.

- I. Persian Grammar—One paper.
- II. Composition and Translation of unseen passages from the Persian—One paper.
- III. Outlines of Persian Literature—One paper.
- IV. Persian Prose with prescribed books—One paper.
- V. Persian Poetry with prescribed books—One paper.

Either A.

- VI. Urdu Grammar and Composition—One paper.
- VII. Urdu Literature : Prose and Poetry, with prescribed books—One paper.

Or B.

- VI. Persian Rhetoric—One paper.
- VII. Persian Prosody—One paper.
- VIII. Principles of Comparative Philology—One paper.

IV. HONOURS SCHOOL OF SANSKRITIC STUDIES.

- I. University Selection from Vedic Samhitas and Brahmanas with elements of Vedic Grammar.
- II. Works on Kavya and Nataka in classical Sanskrit.
- III. Selections from Prakrit works including Pali with elements of Comparative Philology.
- IV. Sanskrit Grammar as in the Bhashavritti.
- V. Composition and Translation of unseen passages into English.
- VI. History of Sanskrit and Sanskritic Language and Literature.
- VII-VIII. Any two of the following special subjects to be studied from original texts : —
 - (a) Rhetoric, Prosody and Rules on Dramaturgy.
 - (b) Special System of Indian Philosophy.
 - (c) Indian Archæology including historical texts.
 - (d) Selections from Manu and Dharmasastras.
 - (e) Selections from Arthasastras.
 - (f) Selections from Puranas.

V. HONOURS SCHOOLS OF SANSKRIT AND BENGALI.

- I. Elements of Sanskrit Grammar.
- II. Principles of Comparative Philology.
- III. Sanskrit Poetry.
- IV. Sanskrit Drama.
- V. History of Bengali Literature.
- VI. Old Bengali Poetry.
- VII-VIII. Bengali Literature from 1850 to the present time with prescribed books.

VI. HONOURS SCHOOL OF ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

Course A.

- I. Essay on a subject of literary interest—One paper.
- II. A special period of English Literature with prescribed books from English Literature—Two papers.
- III. A selected English subject with prescribed books—Two papers.
- IV. Elementary Study of Literary forms and principles—One paper.
- V. History of English Language and Literature up to 1600 A. D. with selected texts—Two papers.

Course B.

- I. Essay—One paper.
- II. Old English Language and Literature with prescribed texts—Two papers.
- III. Middle English Language and Literature with prescribed texts—Two papers.
- IV. History of English Language and General Philology—One paper.
- V. A special period of or subject from English Literature, later than 1550 A. D. (Course A II or III)—Two papers.

VII. HONOURS SCHOOL OF HISTORY.

- I. The History of India to 1200 A. D.
- II. The History of India from 1200 A. D.
- III. A selected period from (1) or (2) (to be studied with reference to original sources.)
- IV. Political History of England (including the Colonies) from 1485.
- V. Constitutional History of England (including the Colonies) from 1485.

- VI. General European History 1648-1914.
- VII. A particular period of European History or the history of a selected country or the history of the Saracens.
- VIII. Ancient History (1) Greece 479-404 B.C.

Or,

- (2) Rome 264-146 B. C.
- (3) Ancient East.

VIII. HONOURS SCHOOL OF PHILOSOPHY.

- I. Metaphysics—One paper.
- II. Psychology—One paper.
- III. Ethics—One paper.
- IV. Introduction to Indian Philosophy, or to Islamic Thought—One paper.

Either,

- V. History of Ancient and Medieval Philosophy—One paper, and two papers on one of the following :—
 - (i) Descartes, Malebranche and Spinoza.
 - (ii) Spinoza and Leibnitz.
 - (iii) Kant.

Or,

History of Modern Philosophy—One paper, and two papers on one of the following :—

Socrates and Plato.
Aristotle.

Plotinus and the Neo-Platonists.

- VI. Study of selected Upanishads, or, Averroes and Averroism—One paper.

IX.—HONOURS SCHOOL OF POLITICS.

- I. General Politics and Political Philosophy—Two papers.
- II. History of Political Theory—One paper.

- III. Administration of the Indian Empire—One paper.
- IV. Comparative Study of Political Institutions—One paper.
- V. Comparative Study of Social Institutions with special reference to India—One paper.
- VI. International Law—One paper.
- VII. Special Subject—One paper.

X.—HONOURS SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS.

- I. General Economics—Two papers.
- II. Indian Economics—One paper.
- III. Economic History and Geography—One paper.
- IV. Public Finance—One paper.
- V. Banking and Currency—One paper.
- VI. Principles and Statistics of International Trade—One paper.
- VII. Special Subject—One paper.

XI.—HONOURS SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS.

- I. Higher Algebra and Theory of Equations.
- II. Higher Plane Trigonometry, Pure Geometry and Vectors.
- III. Co-ordinate and Solid Geometry.
- IV. } Mathematical Analysis.
- V. }
- VI. }
- VII. Analytical Statics and Hydrostatics.
- VIII. Dynamics of a Particle and Elementary Rigid Dynamics.
- IX. Spherical Trigonometry and Astronomy.

Ordinances.

PART IV.—DEGREE OF MASTER OF ARTS.

1. Candidates shall not be admitted to the courses for the degree of Master of Arts unless they are either graduates in Arts of the University,

or graduates in Arts of any other approved University.

2. The degree of Master of Arts shall be conferred on candidates who have graduated with Honours in the University, provided that they have—

- I. completed a further course of study or research approved by the University; and
- II. passed a prescribed examination which may include examination on a dissertation.

3. The degree of Master of Arts shall be conferred upon candidates who have obtained the Ordinary degree of Bachelor of Arts of the University, or the degree of Bachelor of Arts of any other approved University, provided that they have—

- I. completed a further course of study approved by the University and under University supervision for a period of two academic years ;
- II. passed a test of their fitness to proceed to the examination for the degree of Master of Arts at the end of their first academic year ; and
- III. Passed a prescribed examination which may include examination on a dissertation.

4. Candidates who take the master's degree under the conditions laid down in ordinance 3 above shall, as their test of fitness as prescribed by para 3 II, satisfy the examiners in the whole or part of the Honours Examination for that year, as may be determined by the Academic Council after report from the Faculty.

Candidates who fail to pass this test may, at the direction of the Committee of Studies, be allowed to take the test together with the prescribed examination at the end of the second year.

Candidates who present a dissertation shall be required to submit to a written examination on the subject of their dissertation.

There shall be *viva voce* examination for all candidates save for those taking the degree in Mathematics.

5. Names of successful candidates shall be published in such a form as to distinguish the subject in which they have severally passed and whether they have presented a dissertation, and shall be arranged in alphabetical order in two classes. Candidates who have shown special excellence may be awarded a mark of distinction.

Ordinances.

PART V—DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY.

1. The degree of Doctor of Philosophy shall be conferred upon (a) Masters of Arts of any approved University of not less than three years' standing, (b) Bachelors of Arts who have graduated with Honours in any approved University, of not less than four years' standing, who have published work forming a distinct contribution to the advancement of learning, which shall be regarded by the Academic Council, after report from the University examiners, through the relevant Faculty, as deserving the award of the degree. Provided that any candidate who has not taken the Degree of Master of Arts or Bachelor of Arts with Honours, as the case may be, in the University of Dacca, shall be required to have pursued his researches for the degree in or under the supervision of the University for not less than two years before presenting his dissertation.

2. Applications for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy shall be made in writing to the Registrar and accompanied by three printed copies of the dissertation of the candidates.

3. Candidates may be asked to submit to written and *viva voce* examination on the subject of their dissertation.

PART VI.—DIPLOMA OF LICENTIATE IN TEACHING.

Ordinances.

1. The course for the Licentiate in Teaching shall extend over one academic or calendar (1) year.

2. No student shall be admitted to the course unless he has passed the Intermediate Examination of Dacca University or of some other approved University.

3. Every candidate shall be required before presenting himself for the Licentiate Examination to have :—

- (a) resided at a Hall or Hostel or under the conditions laid down in Section 4 of the Ordinances for the Residence of Students for a period of not less than 180 days during the period of instruction.
- (b) passed the University test in oral English and English Composition.
- (c) given under proper supervision a course or courses of lessons approved by the Head of the Department of Education.
- (d) obtained a certificate from the Head of the Department of Education testifying that he is proficient as a teacher and a disciplinarian.

4. Each candidate shall prepare and deliver a course or courses of lessons to classes in the practising schools under the supervision of the staff of the Department of Education. The actual number of lessons required in each case will be decided by the Head of the Department of Education. The courses of lessons will be on one or more of the following subjects :—

- (a) The English Language.
- (b) The Bengali Language.
- (c) History.
- (d) Geography.
- (e) Mathematics.

(1) The course at present extends from July till the following April. But it is contemplated that the course may in future be begun in January and concluded in December.

(f) Physics and Chemistry.

(g) Nature Study.

(h) Manual Training.

5. The following are the subjects of the course:—¹

(i) Education in relation to Physical Development.

(ii) Education in relation to Mental Development.

(iii) School organisation and discipline. General principles of methodical instruction.

(iv) The content of and method of teaching the special subject or subjects selected under section 4 above.

(v) Education in relation to the History of Man.

6. A mark of Distinction may be awarded to candidates in either (1) Theory of Education or (2) Practical work, or in both.

The proficiency of candidates in subjects (i) to (iv) will be tested by means of a written examination. In subject (v) and in Practical teaching the proficiency of the candidate will be judged, with the assistance of a Moderator, from the College Record.

7. There shall be a *viva voce* examination for all candidates. The examiners will at this time see and take into consideration the record that has been kept at the College of the work done by each student during the courses of training.

8. Names of successful candidates shall be arranged in alphabetical order.

9. Candidates who fail in the theoretical part of the examination only shall be allowed to present themselves for re-examination in that part on payment of the ordinary fee. They shall not be required to attend a further course in the Department of Education provided that they are able to

(1) The instruction in these subjects will be of a more elementary character, and will contain less detail than that given to B. T. candidates.

afford to the Registrar sufficient proof that in the interim they have been teaching to the satisfaction of the authorities in an institution approved by the University for this purpose.

PART VII.—DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF TEACHING. Ordinances.

(A) *For Graduates.*

1. The course for the degree of Bachelor of Teaching shall extend over one academic (or calendar*) year.

2. No student shall be admitted to the course unless he is either a graduate in Arts or Science of the University, or a graduate in Arts or Science of some other approved University.

3. Every candidate shall be required before presenting himself for the degree examination to have—

- (a) resided at a Hall or Hostel or under the conditions laid down in Section 4 of the Ordinances for the Residence of Students, for not less than 180 days during the period of instruction provided that, in the case of a student of twenty-three years of age or over, the conditions of residence may be specially relaxed by the Executive Council, after report from the Head of the Department of Education ;
- (b) given under proper supervision a course or courses of lessons which have been approved by the Head of the Department of Education ; and
- (c) obtained a certificate from the Head of the Department of Education testifying that he is proficient as a teacher and disciplinarian.

* The Course at present extends from July till the following April. But it is contemplated that the Course may in future be begun in January and concluded in December.

(B) For Non-Graduates.

4. The course for the degree of Bachelor of Teaching shall be open to non-graduates who have

- (a) passed the Intermediate Examination of this University or some other approved University ;
- (b) served for three years on the staff of one or more approved schools ;
- (c) passed the University test in oral English and English Composition ⁽¹⁾ ;
- (d) passed an examination in two Arts or Science subjects of the same standard as that for the ordinary Bachelor's degree.

5. Each candidate who is not a graduate must submit to the Registrar a statement of his service as a teacher, supported by certificates from the Secretaries of the Schools in which he has served stating that he was actually in receipt of a salary during the period mentioned in the application for admission and that his service was satisfactory in every way.

6. The course shall be same as that for graduates.

7. The rules laid down in these Ordinances Part VII 1 and 3, VII C 8-14 shall apply to non-graduate students admitted as above.

(C)—For all Candidates.

8. Each candidate shall prepare and deliver a course or courses of lessons to classes in the practising schools under the supervision of the staff of the Department of Education. The actual number of lessons required in each case will be decided by the Head of the Department of Education. The

(1) Any person may enter for the University test in English if application accompanied by certificate of admission as a non-graduate student for the degree of Bachelor of Teaching is made to the Registrar not less than one month before the date fixed for the commencement of the test.

courses of lessons will be on one or more of the following subjects :—

- (a) The English Language.
- (b) The Bengali Language.
- (c) History.
- (d) Geography.
- (e) Mathematics.
- (f) Physics and Chemistry.
- (g) Nature Study.
- (h) Manual Training.

9. The following are the subjects of the course :

- I. Education in relation to physical development (Hygiene and Physiology.)
- II. Education in relation to Mental Development.
- III. School organisation and discipline. General principles of methodical instruction.
- IV. The content of, and method of teaching the special subject or subjects selected under Section 8 above.
- V. Education in relation to the history of Man.
- VI. Educational Measurements.

10. Subjects I to V of the course are compulsory ; subject VI is optional. A mark of distinction may be awarded to candidates in either (1) Theory of Education or (2) Practical work, or (3) in both. Candidates who do not take subject VI will not be eligible for the mark of Distinction in Theory.

11. The proficiency of candidates in subjects I to IV and subject VI will be tested by means of a written examination. In subject V and in Practical Teaching the proficiency of the candidates will be judged, with the assistance of a Moderator, from the College Record.

12. There shall be a *viva voce* examination for all candidates. The examiners will at this time see and take into consideration the record that has been kept in the Department of the work done by each student during the course of training.

13. Names of successful candidates shall be arranged in alphabetical order.

14. Candidates who fail in the theoretical part of the examination only shall be allowed to present themselves for re-examination in that part on payment of the ordinary fee; they shall not be required to attend a further course in the Department of Education, provided that they are able to afford to the Registrar sufficient proof that in the interim they have been teaching to the satisfaction of the authorities in an institution approved by the University for this purpose.

Ordinances.

PART VIII.—DEGREE OF MASTER OF TEACHING.

1. Candidates shall not be admitted to the course for the degree of Master of Teaching unless they are either graduates in Teaching of the University, or graduates in Teaching of some other approved University.

2. The course for this degree shall extend over a period of two academic years, and candidates who are not graduates in Teaching of this University shall be required to have resided at a Hall or Hostel, or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of the Ordinances for the Residence of Students for at least 180 days in each of these two academic years.

3. Each candidate shall make a special study of an educational subject previously approved by the Faculty, and shall present a thesis on the result of his work. If the thesis be deemed to be of sufficient merit the Master's degree shall be conferred.

4. Candidates may be required to submit to a written and *viva voce* examination on the subject of their special study.

CHAPTER XIII.

FACULTY OF SCIENCE.

Ordinances.

PART I—GENERAL.

1. The initial Departments in this Faculty shall be—

1. Physics.
2. Chemistry.
3. Mathematics.
4. Education (including Experimental Psychology)

2. The degrees in this Faculty shall be—

1. Bachelor of Science (B. Sc.)
2. Master of Science (M. Sc.).
3. Doctor of Science (D. Sc.)

3. The degree of Bachelor of Science shall be conferred either as an Ordinary degree or as a degree with Honours.

Degree of
Bachelor of
Science.

4. Candidates shall not be admitted to the final examination for the degree of Bachelor of Science unless they have (1) fulfilled the conditions for the residence of students reading for degrees ; (2) passed the prescribed Test in oral English and English Composition ; (3) furnished a certificate from their Tutor, countersigned by the Head of the Department in the case of students reading for the degree with Honours and by the Head of their Hall or Hostel in the case of students reading for the Ordinary degree testifying that the student is fitted to appear at the examination and (4) paid the examination fee to the Registrar.

5. The Test in English will be held once at the end of every term and students may take it at any time after entering the University. Instruction in the practical use of the English language will be provided by the University but no student shall be compelled to attend any course before appearing at the examination. Candidates who fail shall be allowed to take the Test again.

Regulations.

PART II—ORDINARY DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE. Ordinances.

1. Courses of study for the Ordinary degree of Bachelor of Science shall extend over two academic years, and there shall be one degree examination at the end of the second academic year.

2. Candidates shall be required before presenting themselves for the degree examination, to have resided at a Hall or Hostel, or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of the Ordinances for the Residence of Students, for a period of not less than 180 days in each of two academic years.

3. The subjects for the final examination shall be :—

- I. Physics.
- II. Chemistry.
- III. Mathematics.
- IV. Principles of Education (including Experimental Psychology).

4. Every candidate shall be required to pass in three subjects. No candidate shall be allowed to take I, or II or III unless he has passed an examination in the corresponding subject in the Intermediate or other qualifying examination.

5. A certain number of standard books in English on scientific subjects shall be prescribed for all candidates.

6. The final examination in Physics, Chemistry and Education shall comprise three papers and a six hours' practical examination in each case ; and the examination in Mathematics shall comprise four papers.

7. Names of successful candidates shall be arranged in alphabetical order, but candidates whose work is of special merit shall be awarded distinction.

8. Candidates who fail in one subject only, but obtain in the aggregate sufficient marks for a pass shall be permitted to enter for that subject only at the next examination, but if they fail a second time

they shall be required to enter again for the whole examination. Candidates who fail in more than one subject shall be required to enter again for the whole examination.

9. Students who are reading for an Ordinary degree may be transferred by the Dean, on the recommendation of the Head of their Hall or Hostel, to a course for the degree with Honours at any time up to the commencement of the second academic year.

PART III-A.—DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF
SCIENCE WITH HONOURS.

Ordinances.

1. Course of study for the degree of Bachelor of Science with Honours shall extend over a period of three academic years, and students must complete the examination for Honours by the end of the fourth academic year after first entering the University.

2. Candidates shall be required, before presenting themselves for the final degree examination, to have resided at a Hall or Hostel, or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of the Ordinances for the Residence of Students, for a period of not less than 180 days in each of three academic years.

3. There shall be the following Honours Schools in the Faculty of Science :—

- (I) Physics with Chemistry and Mathematics as subsidiary subjects.
- (II) Chemistry with Physics and Mathematics as subsidiary subjects.
- (III) Mathematics with Physics and Chemistry as subsidiary subjects.

4. The Honours Schools shall be constituted as follows :—

I. Physics—

- (a) Five papers, and a twelve hours' practical examination in Physics ;

- (b) the entire examination in Mathematics and Chemistry for the Ordinary degree ; and
- (c) *viva voce* examination.

II. Chemistry—

- (a) Four papers in Chemistry and a twelve hours' practical examination ;
- (b) the entire examination in Mathematics and Physics for the Ordinary degree ; and
- (c) *viva voce* examination.

III. Mathematics—

- (a) Eight papers in Mathematics ; and
- (b) the entire examination in Physics and Chemistry for the Ordinary degree.

5. The examination in the subsidiary subjects may be taken at the end of the second academic year.

6. A certain number of standard books in English on scientific subjects shall be prescribed for each Honours School.

7. Names of successful candidates shall be published in such form as to distinguish the Honours School in which severally they have passed. They shall be drawn up in two classes and each class arranged in alphabetical order.

8. Candidates who fail will be allowed to take the examination of the same Honours School a second time.

9. The length of the course of study pursued by the candidate shall be stated on his diploma.

10. Candidates who have not acquitted themselves so as to deserve Honours may be recommended for an Ordinary degree.

11. Candidates who have passed the examination of one Honours School, may, after pursuing a further course of study approved by the Dean for at least one and not more than two academic years, be admitted to the examination of any other Honours School. Such candidates shall be required

to take the papers in the principal subject of their second Honours School only and not in any subsidiary subjects.

12. Students who are reading for the degree with Honours may, on the recommendation of the Head of the Department responsible for their studies, be transferred by the Dean to the pass course at any time up to the commencement of the second academic year. The Faculty shall, with the approval of the Academic Council in each case, have power to modify the final examination for the Ordinary degree for students who have been reading for one full academic year in an Honours School.

PART III-B.—COURSES FOR THE HONOURS DEGREE Regulations. IN SCIENCE.

I HONOURS SCHOOL OF PHYSICS.

- I. Properties of Matter and Heat—One paper.
 - II. Light—One paper.
 - III. Magnetism and Electricity—One paper.
 - IV. Structure of Matter — One paper.
 - V. Chemical Physics and Essay—One paper.
 - VI. Practical Examination—Twelve hours.
- Mathematics and Chemistry as for Ordinary degree.

II. HONOURS SCHOOL OF CHEMISTRY.

- I. Inorganic Chemistry—One paper.
- II. Organic Chemistry—One paper.
- III. Physical Chemistry—One paper.
- IV. Applied Chemistry—One paper.
- V. Practical Examination—12 hours.

Additional Papers.

Mathematics and Physics as for the Ordinary degree.

III. HONOURS SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS.

- I. Higher Algebra and Theory of Equations
—One paper.
- II. Higher Plane Trigonometry, Pure Geometry and Vectors—One paper.
- III. Co-ordinate and Solid Geometry—One paper.
- IV. } Mathematical Analysis—Two papers.
- V. }
- VI. Analytical Statics and Hydrostatics -
One paper.
- VII. Dynamics of a Particle and Elementary
Rigid Dynamics—One paper.
- VIII. Spherical Trigonometry and Astronomy
—One paper.

Additional Papers.

Chemistry and Physics as for the Ordinary Degree.

Ordinances.

PART IV.—DEGREE OF MASTER OF SCIENCE.

1. Candidates shall not be admitted to the courses for the degree of Master of Science unless they are either graduates in Science of the University, or graduates in Science of any other approved University.

2. The degree of Master of Science shall be conferred on candidates who have graduated with Honours in the University, provided they have —

- I. completed a further course of study or research approved by the University, and
- II. passed a prescribed examination which may include examination on a dissertation.

3. The degree of Master of Science shall be conferred upon candidates who have obtained the ordinary degree of Bachelor of Science of the

University, or the degree of Bachelor of Science of any other approved University, provided they have—

- I. completed a further course of study approved by the University and under University supervision for a period of two years, and
- II. passed a test of their fitness to proceed to the examination for the degree of Master of Science at the end of their first academic year; and
- III. passed a prescribed examination which may include examination on a dissertation.

4. Candidates who take the Masters' degree, under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 3 above, shall as their test of fitness as prescribed by paragraph 3 (II) satisfy the examiners in the whole or a part of the Honours examination for that year, as may be determined by the Academic Council after report from the Faculty.

Candidates who fail to pass this test may at the discretion of the Committee of Studies, be allowed to take the test together with the prescribed examination at the end of the second year.

Candidates who present a dissertation shall be required to submit to a written examination on the subject of their dissertation.

All candidates save those for the degree in Mathematics, shall be submitted to a *viva voce* examination.

5. Names of successful candidates shall be published in such form as to distinguish the subject in which they have severally passed, and whether they have presented a dissertation, and shall be arranged in alphabetical order in two classes. Candidates who have shown special excellence may be awarded a mark of distinction.

PART V. —DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF SCIENCE.

Ordinances.

The degree of Doctor of Science shall be conferred upon (a) Masters of Science of any approved

University of not less than three years' standing (b) Bachelors of Science who have graduated with Honours in any approved University, of not less than four years' standing who have published work forming a distinct contribution to the advancement of learning, which shall be regarded by the Academic Council, after report from the University examiners, through the relevant Faculty, as deserving the award of the degree. Provided that any candidate who has not taken the Degree of Master of Science or Bachelor of Science with Honours, as the case may be, in the University of Dacca, shall be required to have pursued his researches for the degree in or under the supervision of the University for not less than two years before presenting his dissertation.

2. Applications for the degree of Doctor of Science shall be made in writing to the Registrar and be accompanied by three copies of the dissertation of the candidates.

3. Candidates may be asked to submit to *viva voce* examination on the subject of their research work.

CHAPTER XIV.

Ordinances.

FACULTY OF LAW.

PART I. GENERAL.

1. The degrees in this Faculty are—
 - (1) Bachelor of Law (B. L.)
 - (2) Master of Law (M. L.)
 - (3) Doctor of Law (D. L.)

2. Candidates shall not be admitted to the courses for the degree of Bachelor of Law unless they are either (a) graduates in Arts or Science of

the University, or (b) graduates in Arts or Science of some other approved University. *

3. Candidates shall not be allowed to appear at the final examination for any degree unless they have (1) fulfilled the conditions for the residence of students reading for degrees ; (2) furnished a certificate from their Tutor, countersigned by the Dean of the Faculty, testifying that they are fit to appear at the examination ; and (3) paid the examination fee to the Registrar.

PART II. ORDINARY DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF LAW.

1. Courses for the Ordinary degree of Bachelor of Law shall extend over three academic years, and there shall be one degree examination. Provided that students who have obtained the B. A. degree with Honours may, if they so desire, take the courses for the second and third year in one year.

2. Candidates shall be required, before presenting themselves for the degree examination, to have resided at a Hall or Hostel, or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of the Ordinances for the Residence of Students, for a period of not less than 180 days in each of three academic years, or in the case of students who have taken the B. A. degree with Honours for a period of not less than 180 days in each of two academic years.

* Preference will be given to candidates who have passed in one or more of the following subjects in the final examination for their Bachelor's degree.

- I. Philosophy.
- II. Political Philosophy.
- III. History of Rome.
- IV. History of England.
- V. History of India.
- VI. History of Islam.
- VII. Smriti.
- VIII. Islamic Law.

ADDITIONAL TRANSITORY ORDINANCES.

2 A. During the session 1921-22 students of the 2nd year Law classes of any college affiliated to the Calcutta University may be admitted to the Intermediate and Final courses of the Dacca University conducted in accordance with the regulations of the Calcutta University under the transitory provisions of the Dacca University Act.

3. All students for the degree of Bachelor of Law are required to attend a course of instruction in the following subjects :—

First Year.

- I. Jurisprudence and General Theory of Law.
- II. Roman Law.
- III. (a) History of British Indian Law and Constitution.
(b) English Constitutional Law.
- IV. Historical and Comparative Law.
- V. Hindu Law—History, sources, Family law and Law of property.
- VI. Mohammedan Law—History, sources and Family Law.

Second and Third Years.

- II. Hindu Law—Inheritance, Gifts, Wills, Procedure, Evidence, Debts, Contracts, Delicts, Crime.
- III. Mohammedan Law—Inheritance, Wills, Donatio mortis causa, Wakf.
- IX. Law of Contracts and Torts.
- X. Law of Real Property and Trust including conveyancing.
- XI. Law of Persons.
- XII. Law of Transfer inter vivos.
- XIII. Law of Testamentary and intestate Succession.

- XIV. Law of Evidence and Civil Procedure, including Principles and Practice of Pleading.
- XV. Land Laws.
- XVI. Criminal Law and Criminal Procedure.
- XVII. Elements of International Law and Private International Law.
- XVIII. Principles of Legislation.

The instruction in these subjects shall include courses of general lectures and tutorial instruction. No candidate shall be admitted to the final examination unless he can produce a certificate from his Tutor that he has attended the full course of instruction in all subjects.

There shall be only one examination embracing the following papers :—

- I. Roman Law and Historical and Comparative Jurisprudence ... 1 paper
- II. Hindu Law ... 2 papers
 - Mohammedan Law ... 2 papers
- III. English Common Law and Equity (including corresponding Indian Law)
 - (a) With special reference to Contracts and Torts ... 2 papers
 - (b) With special reference to Real Property Trusts and Transfer ... 2 papers
- IV. Law of Persons and Private International Law ... 1 paper
 - Testamentary and Intestate Succession in British India 1 paper
 - Land Laws of Bengal ... 1 paper
 - Law of Crimes ... 1 paper
 - Law of Evidence and Civil Procedure ... 1 paper
- V. Jurisprudence and Principles of Legislation ... 1 paper
- VI. Library Examination for testing the capacity of the student to apply the law to facts ... 2 papers

Of these every candidate shall take ten papers, of which the following shall be compulsory :—

- 1 paper in Group I'
- 2 papers out of Group II
- 2 papers out of Group III
- 2 papers in Group IV
- 1 paper in Group V and
- 1 paper in Group VI

The whole examination may be taken either (1) at the end of the third academic year ; or (2) in two parts, the first part at the end of the second and the second part at the end of the third academic year. No candidate shall be allowed to offer less than four papers for the first part of the examination, and unless he passes in four subjects he shall be required to take the whole examination at the end of the third academic year.

4. Names of successful candidates shall be arranged in alphabetical order in two classes.

5. Candidates who fail in not more than two subjects in the final examination may be permitted to enter for the subject or subjects in which they have failed at the next examination, but if they fail a second time they shall be required to enter again for the whole examination. Candidates who fail in more than two subjects shall be required to enter again for the whole examination.

6. The degree shall not be awarded to any student who has not completed the examination within five academic years after being admitted as a student in the Faculty of Law.

PART III—DEGREE OF MASTER OF LAW.

Bachelors of Law of the University or Graduates in Law of any other approved University may be admitted to the degree of Master of Law. Each candidate is required to have : —

- (1) satisfied the Dean of the Faculty of Law of his fitness to proceed to the degree of the Master of Law before beginning the course,

- (2) carried on further study or research regularly for a period of not less than three years, in the University Library and under the general superintendence of the Professor of Law, and,
- (3) passed an examination in the following subjects, provided that where a candidate submits a dissertation on any one or more of the subjects comprised in a group, which is considered by the Examination Committee to merit such concession, he may at the discretion of the Examination Committee be exempted from appearing for the examination in that subject.

The groups of subjects for the M. L. Examination shall be as follows :—

I. Jurisprudence

- | | |
|--|-------------|
| (a) Analytical and Philosophical | 1 paper |
| (b) Historical, Ethnological or
Theory of Legislation | ... 1 paper |

II. Hindu Law—with reference to original authorities ... 2 papers

Or

Mohammedan Law—with reference to original authorities 2 papers

III. Roman Law ... 1 paper

IV. International and Private International Law ... 1 paper

V&VI. Any two of the following :—

- | | |
|---|-------------|
| Constitutional Law and History | |
| English and Indian | ... 1 paper |
| History of English Law | ... 1 paper |
| Law of Contracts and Torts | ... 1 paper |
| Equity | ... 1 paper |
| Law of Real Property and Indian land laws | ... 1 paper |
| Law of Transfer <i>inter vivos</i> | ... 1 paper |
| Testamentary and Intestate | |
| Succession | ... 1 paper |
| Crimes and Criminology | ... 1 paper |
| Select system of Foreign Law | ... 1 paper |

VII. Essay	1 paper
VIII. Library Examination	1 paper

PART IV. - DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF LAW.

1. The degree of Doctor of Law shall be conferred on a Master of Law of any approved University of not less than three years' standing, who has published work forming a distinct contribution to the advancement of knowledge in any department of law, carried out by himself in the University which shall be deemed by the Academic Council, after considering a report from the Faculty, to deserve the award of this degree. Provided that any candidate other than a Master of Law of this University shall be required to have pursued his researches in the University for a period of not less than two years before presenting himself for the degree.

2. Applications for the degree of Doctor of Law shall be made in writing to the Registrar, and accompanied by three printed copies of the dissertation of the candidates. The dissertation will be examined by three examiners appointed by the Academic Council on the recommendation of the Faculty, of whom not less than one shall be an external examiner.

3. Candidates may be asked to submit to a library and *viva voce* examination on the subject of the dissertation and allied subjects.

CHAPTER XV.

CONDITIONS OF ADMISSION OF TEACHERS TO DEGREES. Ordinances.

1. Teachers of educational institutions [Act XVIII of 1920, Section 4 (2) (b)] who are candidates for degree under the conditions laid down in this Chapter shall be called "external candidates." Such candidates must, before being allowed to enter for any University Examination, be admitted as external students of the University. The fee for admission is Rs. 6 (six).

2. No external candidate shall be admitted to the final examinations for the degrees with Honours in Arts or Science or for the Ordinary degree in Science.

3. External candidates shall be admitted to the final examination for the ordinary degree of Bachelor of Arts, provided that they have—

(a) In the case of candidates who have passed the Licentiate of Teaching of this University and desire to obtain the degree of Bachelor of Arts only.

(1) passed the examination for the Licentiateship of Teaching of this University with Distinction.

(2) served for three¹ years after passing the said examination in one or more approved schools.

(b) In the case of candidates who have passed the Licentiateship of Teaching of this University or any other approved University and desire to obtain the degrees of B.A., B.T.,

(1) One year of residence at this University as a regular student for the degree of Bachelor of Arts shall be considered equivalent to one year of teaching experience provided that the candidate left the University of his own accord after paying all sums due from him to the University, Hall or Hostel.

- (1) obtained the diploma of Licentiate in Teaching with Distinction.
- (2) served for two years in one or more approved schools.
- (3) studied as resident students for the degree of B. T. of this University in accordance with these Ordinances Part VII and to the satisfaction of the Head of the Department of Education.¹
- (c) (In the case of non-graduate Bachelors of Teaching of the University) served for one year in an approved school after obtaining the degree of Bachelor of Teaching.

4. Candidates who have not already passed the University Test in English will be required to do so. Any person may enter for the University Test in English if an application, accompanied by certificate of admission as an external student and the required examination fee, is made to the Registrar not less than one month before the date fixed for the commencement of the test.

5. An external candidate shall be admitted to the final examination for the degree of Master of Arts, Provided—

- (1) he is a graduate in Arts of an approved University, and
- (2) he has, after obtaining the Bachelor's degree, served for not less than three years as a teacher in an approved school or approved schools.

6. The fees for all tests and examinations shall be the same for external as for internal candidates.

7. An external candidate who desires to enter for a degree examination must apply to the Registrar in the prescribed form not less than three

(1) A shortened course for the B. T. may be arranged for Licentiates in Teaching of this University in order to facilitate study for the degree of Bachelor of Arts,

months before the date fixed for the commencement of the examination and must enclose with his application :—

- (1) the prescribed fee for the examination ;
- (2) a statement of his service in schools since he passed the examination prescribed in Section 3 or 5 above, with certificates from the Secretaries of the schools in which he has served, to the effect that he was actually in receipt of a salary as a teacher during the periods mentioned in his statement and that he is still teaching in a school.
- (3) in the case of a candidate for the degrees of B. A., B. T. a certificate from the Head of the Department of Education that his study in that Department has been satisfactory.

8. In any case of doubt as to the eligibility of an external candidate the application shall be forwarded by Registrar to the Dean of the Faculty of Arts, who shall convene a meeting of the Faculty not less than two months before the commencement of the examination for the purpose of deciding such cases.

In such cases the decision of the Faculty of Arts shall be final as to whether —

- (a) sufficient proof has been adduced by the candidate that he has served as a teacher for the periods for which he states he has served, and is still so serving ;
- (b) the periods during which he has served as a teacher amount to three years within the meaning of Sections 3 (3) or 5 (2) above and
- (c) the status of the institution or institutions in which he has served is that of an approved school.

9. In the event of the rejection of an application by an external candidate for permission to sit for an examination, the examination fee shall be returned to the applicant,

10. Every external candidate must, on the opening day of the examination, satisfy the officer or teacher who is supervising the examination that he is the person named in the application.

Regulations.

CHAPTER XVI.

ADMISSION OF STUDENTS.

1. Applications for admission shall be made to the Registrar in the prescribed form (see Appendix A) and be accompanied by a registration fee of Re. 1.*

2. All applications shall be submitted to an Admission Committee constituted in accordance with the conditions laid down in Section 34 (1) of the Act. This committee shall decide in consultation with the Heads of Departments or their representatives the course to which the student shall be admitted, and the Hall or Hostel in which he shall reside, or to which he shall be attached.

3. Students shall not be eligible for admission in any academic year to a course for a degree unless they have passed either (1) the Intermediate Examination of the "Board"; (2) the Intermediate Examination of an Indian University; or (3) an examination recognised under Section 34 of the Act as equivalent thereto; and have attained the age of 17 years on July 1st in such academic year.

4. A student who has been admitted to a course for degrees with Honours, or a higher degree, or to a course for the degree of Bachelor of Law and Bachelor of Teaching, shall be required to interview the Head of the relevant Department; and a student who has been admitted to courses for the Ordinary degree of Arts or Science, shall be required to interview the Provost of his Hall or

* Forms of application may be obtained from the Registrar.

Warden of his Hostel. The Head of Department, Provost or Warden, as the case may be, will decide the subjects of the course which the student is to follow, and will assign him to a Tutor, who will be responsible for his studies. The student will receive a form signed by the Head of Department, Provost or Warden, upon which the details of the course of study and the name of his Tutor are entered.

5. Every student will further be required to interview his Tutor, who, acting in consultation with the Heads of Departments concerned, will decide after discussion with the student, the courses of University Lecturers which he is to attend and the times for tutorial work.

CHAPTER XVII.

FEES.

Ordinances

1. Fees payable to the University are classified under the following heads:—

- (a) Fee for registration of application for admission.
- (b) Admission fee.
- (c) Class fee.
- (d) Withdrawal and transfer fee.
- (e) Laboratory Caution Money.
- (f) Room rent.
- (g) Games fee.
- (h) Examination fee.
- (i) Fee for registration of Graduates.

2. The Registration fee *i. e.* the fee for registration of an application for admission) shall be Re. 1 (one).

3. The admission fee shall be Rs. 5 (five).

4. (1) The class fee for courses for a Bachelor's degree in Faculties other than Law (for which the fee will be Rs. 7), shall be at the rate of Rs. 8 (eight) a month for 12 months in the year,

Class Fee

**Payment
of Fee
in advance
in a
lump sum.**

(2) Students may, however, compound for the Class fees for a year by a single payment in advance of Rs. 90 (ninety). This composition fee shall be paid on the first date in the academic year fixed for receiving fees or, in the case of newly admitted students, at the time of admission. The University may, in exceptional cases, accept the composition fee at any time on or before the date fixed for the receipt of the second monthly fee.

**Monthly
payment
of fee**

5. The class fee for a course for the Master's degree in the Faculty of Arts shall be Rs. 10 (ten) a month, for 12 months in the year and Rs. 12 a month for 12 months in the year in the Faculty of Science.

6. Fees for each month will be received during the second week of the month for which the fees are due on dates which will be fixed from time to time.

**Payment of
admission
and Univer-
sity fee**

7. A student, if admitted after the beginning of the session, shall pay the admission fee and the University dues from the commencement of the academic year up to and including the fee for the month in which he is admitted.

Delay fine

8. An additional fee of annas 2 (two) shall be charged for every day or part of a day that a student is in arrears in payment of his monthly class fee. As soon as the delay amounts to seven days the name of the defaulting student shall be reported to the Head of the Hall or Hostel to which the student is attached.

**Removal
from
register.**

9. If the monthly class fee or any fine due from a student remains unpaid until the last day of the month, the student's name shall be removed from the Register.

**Re-ad-
mission.**

10. A student, whose name has been removed from the Register for non-payment of dues, may be re-admitted on payment of the fees mentioned in Ordinances 2-8, above.

**Receipt for
payment.**

11. Every student shall be entitled to a receipt for each sum paid by him into the University Treasury.

12. In addition to his Class fee, a student attending laboratory classes in the Faculty of Science shall pay on admission Rs. 20 (twenty) as caution money. The price of, or repairs to, any apparatus wilfully or carelessly destroyed or damaged by him will be recouped from the afore-said caution money. If the caution money falls short of the price or cost of repairs of such apparatus, the deficit shall be met by the student. The Head of each Department of the Faculty of Science shall submit to the Registrar during the first fortnight of each session a list of all students whose deposit has been decreased by payment for breakages, and the Registrar shall then call on such students to make up their caution money again to Rs. 20 (twenty). The unexpended balance of a student's caution money shall be returned to him on the completion of his course of study at the University.

Caution
money for
Science
students

13. The minimum rent for a room in a Hall or Hostel shall be Rs. 2 (two) per month, exclusive of the boarding charges. This fee is intended to cover the cost for electric light and menial servants. In every Hall or Hostel at least 50 per cent. of the rooms shall be rented at this minimum rate and no rate higher than Rs. 4 (four) shall be charged for any room.

Room rent.

14. Room rents shall be paid during the second week of every month. In case of default an additional fee of anna 1 (one) shall be charged for every day till payment. If the defaulter fails to pay his dues by the last day of the month, his name shall be removed from the register of Hall or Hostel.

Payment of
room rent.

Removal from the Hall or Hostel Roll for failure to pay dues will entail removal from the rolls of the University.

Free use of
libraries.

15. No fee shall be levied from any student of the University for the use of any book in the Libraries of the University or any of its Halls or Hostels.

16. The annual subscription for athletics shall be Rs. 5 (five). This fee is compulsory on all

Fee for
athletics.

students and must be paid together with the first fees paid to the University in each academic year.

17. Examination fees have not yet been finally sanctioned. The fees will not exceed those at present charged in the Calcutta University.

18. The fees for the registration of graduates are prescribed by Statute.

CHAPTER XVIII.

Ordinances.

RESIDENCE OF STUDENTS.

[*Vide* Act XVIII of 1920, Section 31
and Statute 11 (2).]

1. The residences of all students of the University shall be within 5 miles of the Convocation Hall.

2. A student who is attached to, but does not reside in a Hall or Hostel of the University, shall be styled an attached student.

3. The number of undergraduate students attached to a Hall or Hostel shall not exceed 33 per cent. of the total number of students resident in the Hall or Hostel, provided that this and the following rule may be relaxed for a fixed period at the discretion of the Executive Council in the case of students of a Hall or Hostel whose buildings have not been completed.

4. An attached student of the University will ordinarily be allowed to reside only in his home, but the Provost of his Hall shall have power in exceptional cases to permit such student to reside with a guardian who is his near relative.

5. In the event of the removal from Dacca of the person in whose house an attached student is residing, the student must at once take up his residence in the Hall or Hostel to which he is attached, or if there is no accommodation available

in the Hall or Hostel, the Provost or Warden shall decide under what conditions the student shall reside temporarily. In the event of accommodation being available in a Hall or Hostel other than his own, the Provost or Warden may, with the concurrence of the Provost or Warden of such other Hall or Hostel, order the student to reside temporarily in the other Hall or Hostel and to be subject to its discipline while remaining attached to his own Hall or Hostel for purposes of games, clubs etc.

6. Provosts and Wardens shall be responsible to the Executive Council for ascertaining whether the attached students under their care are residing under the conditions under which they state that they are residing.

7. A student who makes a false statement regarding the conditions of his residence or deliberately omits to report the fact of the removal from Dacca or change of residence of the guardian approved by the authorities of the University, shall be liable to expulsion.

CHAPTER—XIX.

DISCIPLINE.

Regulations.

1. Students, whether resident or attached, must be in their houses before 9 P.M. and must not leave them before 5 A.M. except under written permission from the Provost or Warden of the Hall or Hostel of which they are members.

2. Students who have previously obtained permission from the Provost or Warden will pay gate-money for knocking in after 9 P.M. at the following rates :—

9 P. M. to 10 P. M.....	As. 4 (four)
10 P. M. to 11 P. M....	As. 6 (six)
11 P. M. to 12 P. M.....	As. 8 (eight)

These charges must be paid both by resident and by attached students to the general fund of the Hall or Hostel to which they are attached.

3. A gate-book in which are recorded the times at which students knock in after 9 P. M. must be kept by a competent authority in all houses of Halls or Hostels. All gate-books must be sent for inspection to the Provost or Warden in the first week of each month.

4. If it is found that the head of the house in which a non-resident student is living has failed to record in the gate-book absences after 9 P. M. on the part of the student, the student may at the discretion of the Provost or Warden of the Hall or Hostel to which he is attached, be compelled to take up his residence in the Hall or Hostel. The student will also be liable to pay gate-money at double the rates mentioned in Regulation 4 above for any occasion on which he is proved to have evaded payment.

5. A student who wilfully destroys or injures University property will be called upon to make good the loss to the University and will also be liable to other penalties.

CHAPTER XX.

Regulations.

HEALTH AND PHYSICAL EDUCATION.

1. In his own interest, every undergraduate student will be examined on admission to the University either by the Medical Officer, or the Director of Physical Education or both. All students will be entitled to free medical attendance by the Medical Officer.

2. Every undergraduate student will be required either to take part regularly in games or to pursue such a course of physical training prescribed by the Director of Physical Education as may be suited to his requirements.

3. At the commencement of each academic year the Provosts and Wardens shall report to the Director of Physical Education the names of all such students resident in or attached to their Halls and Hostels as do not wish to play games regularly. The Director of Physical Education shall prescribe physical exercises for these students and shall have the power of imposing fines for non-attendance at the times and places fixed by him on a scale to be authorised by the Executive Council.

4. Every student must be vaccinated on joining the University unless he can satisfy the Medical Officer that he has been vaccinated not more than a year previously.

5. In the event of an epidemic every student must submit to such inoculation or other precautionary measure as may be prescribed by the Board of Health, Residence and Discipline.

6. No student, not being a patient, may enter the compound of the isolation ward of the University hospital without the express permission of the Medical Officer.

CHAPTER XXI.

THE UNIVERSITY ATHLETIC CLUB.

Regulations.

1. The General Committee of Dacca University Athletic Club shall be elected in September of each year and shall hold office for one year from the commencement of the Puja Vacation.

2. The General Committee shall consist of a President and Treasurer, who shall be officers of the University or teachers of the status of Professor or Reader, two Vice-Presidents, who shall be members of the University staff, two members elected by the students of each Hall or Hostel of not less than 200 members, and one member elected by the students of each Hall or Hostel of less than 200

members, and the Captains of the University Cricket team, the Hockey team and the Football team.

3. The student members shall meet immediately after election under the chairmanship of the President of the previous year and shall elect the President, Treasurer and Vice-Presidents for the year. No other business shall be transacted at this meeting.

4. The Committee shall elect a Secretary. The President, Treasurer, Secretary and Captain of the seasonal game shall form the Executive Committee for the time being.

5. The General Committee shall have power :—

- (1) to make rules for the annual University sport ;
- (2) to make rules for the inter-Hall competitions ;
- (3) to arrange University matches ;
- (4) to decide appeals in connection with inter-Hall competition,
- (5) to make regulations in accordance with these Regulations.

6. No University team may enter for any local tournament or league.

7. No team of a Hall or Hostel may enter for more than one local tournament or league in one season.

8. The up-keep of the University grounds and pitches shall be under the direction of the Steward. The President of the club shall inform the Steward when any special preparation of the grounds or pitches is necessary.

9. The captain for the season of each University team shall be elected by the members of the previous year's team to whom colours have been awarded.

10. Colours shall be awarded by the Captain of each University team.

CHAPTER XXII

VACATIONS AND HOLIDAYS.

1. The Long Vacation of the University shall extend from 10th April to 30th June, both days inclusive.

2. The Puja Vacation of the University shall extend in 1921 from 1st October to 31st October, both days inclusive.

Provided that in years in which this period does not include the gazetted Durgah Puja holidays the Puja Vacation shall be of the duration of 30 days and shall commence on a date to be fixed by the Executive Council.

3. All University offices shall be closed on the Gazetted holidays of Government and no University lectures shall be delivered on those days, but Hindu students may be called upon to work with their tutors on Muhammadan holidays and Muhammadan students on Hindu holidays.

4. The offices of the Treasurer and Registrar and the University Library may be closed, and lectures intermitted for a day or part of a day on particular occasions at the discretion of the Vice-Chancellor.

5. At midday on Fridays one hour shall be left free of public lectures so that Muhammadan teachers and students may attend Friday prayer.

CHAPTER XXIII.

UNIVERSITY LIBRARY.

Ordinances.

1. The University Library shall be open from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M. daily while the University is in session, except on Sundays and Gazetted holidays, on which days it shall be open from 12 noon to 3 P. M.

2. The University Library shall be open daily during vacations, except on Sundays and Gazetted holidays from 12 noon to 3 P. M.

3. All internal students of the University shall be entitled to use the University Library.

4. No students shall be allowed to take books belonging to the University Library outside the Reading Room

Regulations.

5. An officer or teacher of the University to whom a book is issued shall have the right of retaining that book for fifteen days. If after the expiry of fifteen days the book is required by another officer or teacher it shall be returned to the Library by the borrower immediately on demand of the Librarian.

6. All books shall be returned to the Library for inspection three months after issue. Books not required by another borrower may be re-issued to the same borrower immediately.

7. All borrowers are advised to inspect books issued to them at the time of issue and to call the attention of the Library Assistant to any defects, marginal notes, etc., which may appear in them. The borrower shall be liable to replace at his own expense any book which is found damaged or annotated when returned to the Library.

LIBRARIES ATTACHED TO DEPARTMENTS OF STUDY,
AND TO HALLS AND HOSTELS.

Ordinances.

8. Provosts and Wardens shall have power to frame rules for the use of the Libraries attached

respectively to the Halls and Hostels under their control.

Stock shall be taken annually of all such Libraries and a report thereon made to the Library Committee.

9. Heads of Departments may frame rules for the use of books belonging to the general Library and placed under their care, provided that such rules shall be subject to confirmation by the Library Committee to whom any losses of books shall be reported without delay.

CHAPTER XXIV.

SCHOLARSHIPS.

F Ordinances

1. The University fees of all holders of scholarship, stipends, etc., paid by or through the University shall be deducted from the amount of their scholarships or stipends and not paid separately. If the scholarship or stipend is less than the fees due, the holder will pay as fees the difference between the fees and the scholarship or stipend.

In either case the student will sign a receipt in full for the amount of his scholarship and be entitled to receive a receipt for the amount of fee.

2. All cases of absence from Dacca on the part of a holder of a University scholarship or stipend must be reported to the Treasurer by the Head of the Hall or Hostel to which the student is attached, who will decide what part of the scholarship or stipend shall be paid for the period of absence. Ordinarily if the absence is unavoidable, payment will be made in full for 15 days of absence in an academic year and at half rate for a further period of 15 days in the same academic year.

3 It is hoped to establish travelling scholarships to enable deserving graduates to study in other parts of India, in Europe or in America, or other places.

Travelling
scholarships.

APPENDIX A.

DACCA UNIVERSITY.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION.

Name.....
Father's name.....
of.....village, P. O.....
in the district of.....
Legal guardian's name (if the father is dead).....
of.....village, P. O.....
in the district of.....
Age.....Caste.....Religion.....
Postal Address.....

Educational Institutions previously attended :

Institution

Date of joining

Date of leaving

Examinations at which the student has appeared :

Name of examination	University or Board	Year	Division or Class obtained

Course of study for which admission is sought.....

Pass or Honours (state subjects selected).....

Hall or Hostel in which the candidate would prefer to reside.....

Date of Application.....

Signature of Applicant.....

If you do not wish to reside in a Hall, substitute "to" and "be attached," for "in" and "reside." Also add "Name, address and relationship to applicant of person with whom the candidate desires to reside."

Letter in annexed form to be sent by parent or guardian to the Registrar,

To

THE REGISTRAR, UNIVERSITY OF DACCA,
.....
.....
.....

DEAR SIR,

I desire to request that my ^{son}_{ward}.....
.....whose application is annexed, may be
admitted as a student of Dacca University, and
I undertake that he will regularly pay his dues and
will comply with all the rules of the University,

Yours faithfully,

Signature of parent or guardian.

Name (with titles, if any).....

Full Postal Address.....

APPENDIX B.

FORM OF BEQUEST TO THE UNIVERSITY.

I give unto the University of Dacca the sum of Rs , which I direct to be paid to the Treasurer of the said University, and to be applied for the purposes of the University in such manner as the Court thereof may determine. *

* NOTE.—Any special direction or condition which the donor may wish to be attached to the donation may be added here,

APPENDIX V.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION TO THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OR DIPLOMA OF LICENTIATE OF TEACHING

Name.....

Address (for letters and telegrams)..

.....Telegraph office.....

Present Post.....Salary.....

Date

Age on July 1st inst.....

+ { Father's name..... }
 {of village..... P. O..... Dist..... }
 { Legal guardian's name..... }
 { (if the father is dead).....of village..... P.O..... Dist..... } }

Educational Institutions previously attended

Institution.....,

Date of joining.....

Date of leaving

Examinations previously passed or failed in... ..

Name of Examination.....

University or Board.....

Division or class.....

Special Teaching subjects.....

Do you take any part in games or athletics ?.....

Any past achievements in athletics... ..

Any special occupations or hobbies .

(e. g. music, art, manual work).....

Do you intend to attempt a degree with Distinction ?

.....

*Do you desire to reside in a Hostel ?.....

If so, in what Hostel ?.....

*If not in a Hostel, where do you intend to reside ?

.....

For non-graduates.

State your service as a teacher :—

School.....date of joining.....

Date of leaving.....salary.....

State your Arts or Science subjects. (Vide Ordinances
(VII B 4d.)

1..... 2.....

+ Not necessary in case of candidates over twenty-one years of age.

* In special cases the rules regarding residence of students may be relaxed for students over 23 years of age. (Vide Ordinances Pt, VII A, 3, a.)

